EKI-7654C

Industrial 4+2G Combo Ports Managed Redundant Gigabit Ethernet Switch

User Manual

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Product Warranty (2 years)

Advantech warrants to you, the original purchaser, that each of its products will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for two years from the date of purchase.

This warranty does not apply to any products which have been repaired or altered by persons other than repair personnel authorized by Advantech, or which have been subject to misuse, abuse, accident or improper installation. Advantech assumes no liability under the terms of this warranty as a consequence of such events.

Because of Advantech's high quality-control standards and rigorous testing, most of our customers never need to use our repair service. If an Advantech product is defective, it will be repaired or replaced at no charge during the warranty period. For out-of-warranty repairs, you will be billed according to the cost of replacement materials, service time and freight. Please consult your dealer for more details.

If you think you have a defective product, follow these steps:

- 1. Collect all the information about the problem encountered. (For example, network speed, Advantech products used, other hardware and software used etc.) Note anything abnormal and list any onscreen messages you get when the problem occurs.
- 2. Call your dealer and describe the problem. Please have your manual, product, and any helpful information readily available.
- 3. If your product is diagnosed as defective, obtain an RMA (return merchandize authorization) number from your dealer. This allows us to process your return more quickly.
- 4. Carefully pack the defective product, a fully-completed Repair and Replacement Order Card and a photocopy proof of purchase date (such as your sales receipt) in a shippable container. A product returned without proof of the purchase date is not eligible for warranty service.
- 5. Write the RMA number visibly on the outside of the package and ship it prepaid to your dealer.

Declaration of Conformity

CE

This product has passed the CE test for environmental specifications. Test conditions for passing included the equipment being operated within an industrial enclosure. In order to protect the product from being damaged by ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) and EMI leakage, we strongly recommend the use of CE-compliant industrial enclosure products.

FCC Class A

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Technical Support and Assistance

- Step 1. Visit the Advantech web site at <u>www.advantech.com/support</u> where you can find the latest information about the product.
- Step 2. Contact your distributor, sales representative, or Advantech's customer service center for technical support if you need additional assistance. Please have the following information ready before you call:
 - Product name and serial number
 - Description of your peripheral attachments
 - Description of your software (operating system, version, application software etc.)
 - A complete description of the problem
 - The exact wording of any error messages

Safety Instructions

- 1. Read these safety instructions carefully.
- 2. Keep this User's Manual for later reference.
- 3. Disconnect this equipment from any AC outlet before cleaning. Use a damp cloth. Do not use liquid or spray detergents for cleaning.
- 4. For plug-in equipment, the power outlet socket must be located near the equipment and must be easily accessible.
- 5. Keep this equipment away from humidity.
- 6. Put this equipment on a reliable surface during installation. Dropping it or letting it fall may cause damage.
- 7. The openings on the enclosure are for air convection. Protect the equipment from overheating. DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.
- 8. Make sure the voltage of the power source is correct before connecting the equipment to the power outlet.
- 9. Position the power cord so that people cannot step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
- 10. All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.
- 11. If the equipment is not used for a long time, disconnect it from the power source to avoid damage by transient overvoltage.
- 12. Never pour any liquid into an opening. This may cause fire or electrical shock.
- 13. Never open the equipment. For safety reasons, the equipment should be opened only by qualified service personnel.
- 14. If one of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by service personnel:
 - a. The power cord or plug is damaged.
 - b. Liquid has penetrated into the equipment.
 - c. The equipment has been exposed to moisture.
 - d. The equipment does not work well, or you cannot get it to work according to the user's manual.
 - e. The equipment has been dropped and damaged.
 - f. The equipment has obvious signs of breakage.
- 15. DO NOT LEAVE THIS EQUIPMENT IN AN ENVIRONMENT WHERE THE STORAGE TEMPERATURE MAY GO BELOW -40 $^\circ C$ (-40 $^\circ F$) or above 85 $^\circ C$ (185 $^\circ F$). This could damage the equipment. The equipment should be in a controlled environment.

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CHAPTER

Overview

Sections include:

- Introduction
- Features
- Specifications
- Packing List
- Safety Precaution

Chapter 1 Overview

1.1 Introduction

To create reliability in your network, the EKI-7654C comes equipped with a proprietary redundant network protocol—X-Ring that was developed by Advantech, which provides users with an easy way to establish a redundant Ethernet network with ultra high-speed recovery time less than 10 ms.

Aside from 4 x 10/100Base-TX fast Ethernet ports, the EKI-7654C comes equipped with 2 combo 10/100/1000 Mbps RJ-45 copper ports or mini-GBIC expansion ports. Traditional RJ-45 ports can be used for uplinking wide-band paths in short distance (< 100 m), or the appropriate replaceable SFP ports can be used for the application of wideband uploading and long distance transmissions to fit the field request flexibility. Also, the long MTBF (Mean Time Between Failures) ensures that the EKI-7654C will continue to operate until a Gigabit network infrastructure has been established, without requiring any extra upgrade costs.

1.1.1 The SFP Advantage

The EKI-7654C's two SFP fiber slots provide a lot of flexibility when planning and implementing a network. The slots can accept any SFP-type fiber transceivers designed for transmitting over distances of either 500m (multi-mode), 10km, 30km, 50km, 70km or 110km (single-mode) – and the slots support SFP transceivers for WDM single-fiber transmissions. This means that you can easily change the transmission mode and distance of the switch by simply pulling out the SFP transceiver and plugging in a different one. The SFP slots are hot-swappable and plug-and-play! Also, the fact that the switch has two of these slots, means that the network manager can, for example, have one 10km transceiver in one slot and one 110km in the other.

1.1.2 High-Speed Transmissions

The EKI-7654C includes a switch controller that can automatically sense transmission speeds (10/100 Mbps). The RJ-45 interface can also be auto-detected, so MDI or MDI-X is automatically selected and a crossover cable is not required. All Ethernet ports have memory buffers that support the store-and-forward mechanism. This assures that data is properly transmitted.

1.1.3 Dual Power Inputs

To reduce the risk of power failure, the EKI-7654C provides +12 ~ 48 V_{DC} dual power inputs. If there is power failure, EKI-7654C will automatically switch to the secondary power input.

1.1.4 Flexible Mounting

EKI-7654C is compact and can be mounted on a DIN-rail or panel, so it is suitable for any space-constrained environment.

1.1.5 Wide Operating Temperature

The operating temperature of the EKI-7654C is between -10 \sim 60 $^\circ\!{\rm C}$. With such a wide range, you can use the EKI-7654C in some of the harshest industrial environments that exist.

1.1.6 Easy Troubleshooting

LED indicators make troubleshooting quick and easy. Each 10/100 Base-TX port has 2 LED indicators that display the link status, transmission speed and collision status. Also the three power indicators P1, P2 and P-Fail help you diagnose the unit immediately.

1.2 Features

- 2 Gigabit Copper/SFP combo ports, plus 4 Fast Ethernet ports
- SFP socket for Easy and Flexible Fiber Expansion
- Redundancy: Gigabit X-Ring (ultra high-speed recovery time<10ms), RSTP/STP (802.1w/1D)
- Management: Web, Telnet, Serial Console, Windows Utility and SNMP
- Control: VLAN/GVRP, QOS, IGMP Snooping, LACP, and Rate Limit
- Security: IP/MAC and port binding, DHCP Server, IP access list, 802.1x, SNMPv3
- Diagnostic: Port Statistic, Port Mirroring, RMON, Trap, SNMP Alert, and Syslog
- Dual 12 ~ 48 V_{DC} power inputs and 1 Relay Output
- Robust mechanism and special heat spreader design

Communications

Standard	IEEE 802.3, 802.3u, 802.3x, 802.3z, 802.1D IEEE 802.1w, 802.1p, 802.1Q, 802.1X, 802.3ad
LAN	10/100/1000Base-TX, Optional 100Base-FX, 1000Base-SX/LX/LHX/XD/ZX/EZX
Transmission Distance	Ethernet: Up to 100m (4-wire Cat.5e, Cat.6 RJ-45 cable suggested for Gigabit port) SFP: Up to 110km (depends on SFP type)
Transmission Speed	Ethernet: 10/100Mbps, Auto-Negotiation Gigabit Copper: Up to 1000 Mbps Gigabit Fiber: Up to 1000Mbps
Interface	
Connectors	4 x RJ-45 (Ethernet) 2 x RJ-45/SFP (mini-GBIC) combo ports 6-pin removable screw terminal (power & Relay)
LED Indicators	System: PWR, PWR1, PWR2, R.M., P-Fail 10/100TX: Link/Activity, Duplex/Collision Gigabit Copper: Link/Activity, Speed (1000Mbps) SFP: Link/Activity
Console	RS-232 (RJ-45)
Power	
Power Consumption Power Input Fault Output	Max. 7.9 W 2 x Unregulated +12 ~ 48 V _{DC} 1 Relay Output
<u>Mechanism</u>	
Dimensions (WxHxD) Enclosure Mounting	79 x 152 x 105 mm IP30, metal shell with solid mounting kits DIN-rail, wall
Environment	
Operating Temperature	-10 ~ 60°C (14 ~ 140°F) Wide temp. model: -40 ~ 75°C (-40 ~ 167°F)
Operating Humidity	5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

Storage Temperature Storage Humidity MTBF -40 ~ 85°C (-40 ~ 185°F) 0 ~ 95% (non-condensing) 284,409 hours

Certifications

Safety EMC UL, 60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.60950 EU: EN55011, EN61000-6-4 EN55022, Class A, EN61000-3-2/3 EN55024 IEC61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8 EN61000-6-2 IEC60068-2-32 IEC60068-2-27 IEC60068-2-6

Freefall Shock Vibration

1.4 Packing List

- 1 x EKI-7654C Industrial Managed Gigabit Ethernet Switch
- 1 x eAutomation Industrial Communication CD-ROM with software, and User manual
- 2 x Wall Mounting Bracket and Screws
- 1 x DIN-rail Mounting Bracket and Screws
- 1 x 8-pin RJ-45 to RS-232 serial cable
- 1 x DC Jack Cable φ 2.0/150mm
- 1 x EKI-7654C Startup Manual

1.5 Safety Precaution

Attention IF DC voltage is supplied by an external circuit, please use a protection device on the power supply input.

CHAPTER CHAPTER

Installation

Sections include:

- LED Indicators
- Dimensions
- Mounting
- Network Connection
- Connection to a Fiber Optic Network
- Power Connection

Chapter 2 Installation

In this chapter, you will be given an overview of the EKI-7654C hardware installation procedures.

2.1 LED Indicators

There are few LEDs display the power status and network status located on the front panel of EKI-7654C, each of them has its own specific meaning shown as below.

Table 2.1: EKI-7654C LED Definition				
LED	Color	Descriptio	n	
PWR	Green	On	System power on	
	Green	Off	No power input	
R.M.	Green	On	The industrial switch is the master of the X-ring group	
R.WI.		Off	The industrial switch is not the master of the X-ring group	
PWR1	Groop	On	Power input 1 is active	
FWRI	Green	Off	Power input 1 is inactive	
DW/D2	Croon	On	Power input 2 is active	
PWR2	Green	Off	Power input 2 is inactive	
P-Fail	Red	On	Power input 1 or 2 is inactive or port link down (depends on Fault Relay Alarm configuration)	
		Off	Power input 1 and 2 are both active, or no power input	
		On	SFP port is linking	
Link/Active (for G5, G6 SFP)	Green	Flashing	Data is transmitting or receiving	
		Off	Not connected to network	
	Green	On	The port is operating at speed of 1000M	
	(Upper LED)	Off	The port is disconnected or not operating at speed of 1000M	
G5, G6 (RJ-45)	Green (Lower LED)	On	Connected to network	
		Flashing	Networking is active	
		Off	Not connected to network	
	Green	On	Connected to network	
Link/Active (1~4)		Flashing	Networking is active	
		Off	Not connected to network	
	Orange	On	Ethernet port full duplex	
Duplex/Collision (1~4)		Flashing	Collision of packets occurs	
		Off	Ethernet port half duplex or not connected to network	

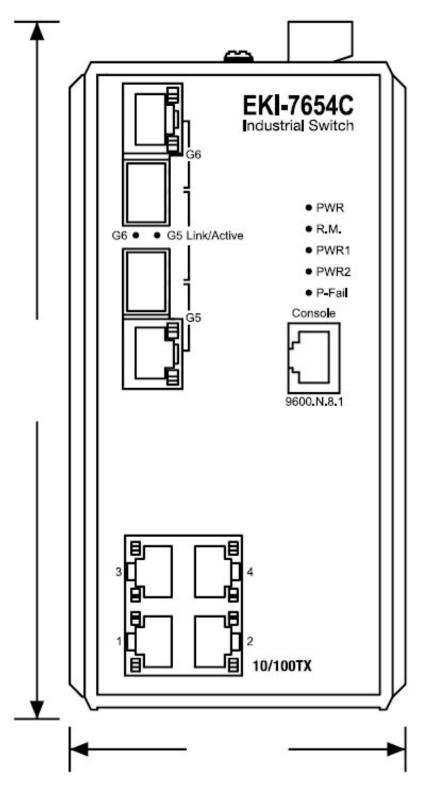


Figure 2.1: Front View of EKI-7654C

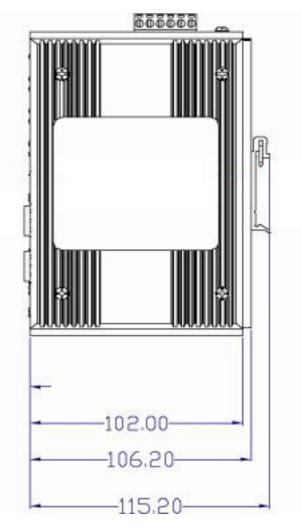


Figure 2.2: Side View of EKI-7654C

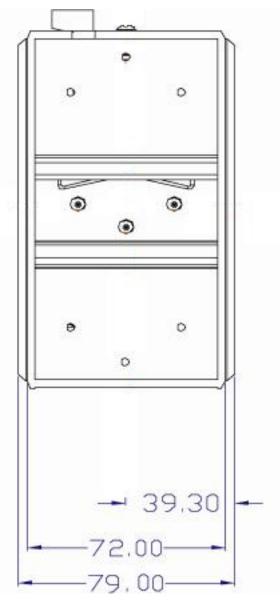


Figure 2.3: Rear View of EKI-7654C

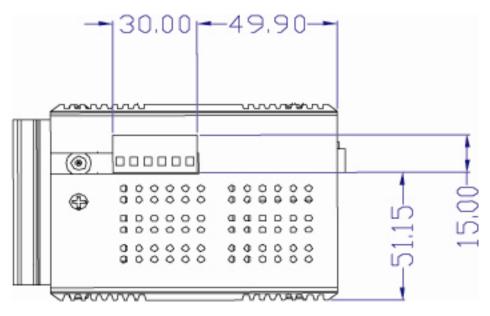


Figure 2.4: Top View of EKI-7654C

2.3 Mounting

The EKI-7654C supports two mounting methods: DIN-rail & Wall.

2.3.1 Wall mounting

EKI-7654C can be wall-mounted by using the included mounting kit. Then, hang on the EKI-7654C to the nails on the wall.

First, use the screws included in the package to combine the EKI-7654C and metal mounting kit. And then you can install the device firmly via the components, please see Figure 2.5 as below.



Figure 2.5: Combine the Metal Mounting Kit

2.3.2

2.3.2 DIN-rail Mounting You can also mount EKI-7654C on a standard DIN-rail by steps below.

The DIN-rail kit is screwed on the industrial switch when out of factory. If the DIN-rail kit is not screwed on the industrial switch, please screw the DIN-rail kit on the switch first.

First, hang the EKI-7654C to the DIN-rail with angle of inclination. See Figure 2.6.



Figure 2.6: Installation to DIN-rail Step 1

Then, let the device down straight to slide over the rail smoothly. See Figure 2.7.



Figure 2.7: Installation to DIN-rail Step 2

2.4 Network Connection

The EKI-7654C has 8 x RJ-45 ports that support connection to 10 Mbps Ethernet, or 100 Mbps Fast Ethernet, and half or full duplex operation. EKI-7654C can be connected to other hubs or switches via a twisted-pair straight-through or crossover cable up to 100m long. The connection can be made from any TX port of the EKI-7654C (MDI-X) to another hub or switch either MDI-X or uplink MDI port.

The EKI-7654C supports auto-crossover to make networking more easy and flexible. You can connect any RJ-45 (MDI-X) station port on the switch to any device such as a switch, bridge or router.

2.5 Connection to a Fiber Optic Network

EKI-7654C has two SFP slots for connecting to the network segment with single or multi-mode fiber. You can choose appropriate mini-GBIC transceiver to plug into the slot. Make sure the transceiver is aligned correctly and then slide it into the SFP slot until a click is heard. You can use proper multi-mode or single-mode fiber according to the connected SFP transceiver. With fiber optic, it transmits speed up to 1000 Mbps and you can prevent noise interference from the system and transmission distance up to 110 km, depending on the mini-GBIC transceiver.

The small form-factor pluggable (SFP) is a compact optical transceiver used in optical communications for both telecommunication and data communications applications.

Note The SFP/Copper Combo port can't be both used at the same time. The SFP port has the higher priority than copper port; if you insert the 1000M SFP transceiver (which is connected to the remote device) into the SFP port, the connection of the accompanying copper port will link down.

If you insert the 100M SFP transceiver into the SFP port even without a fiber connection to the remote, the connection of the accompanying copper port will link down immediately.

To connect the transceiver and LC cable, please follow the steps shown below:

First, insert the transceiver into the SFP slot. Notice that the triangle mark indicates the bottom of the slot.

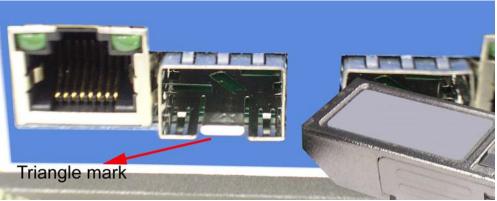


Figure 2.8: Transceiver to the SFP slot

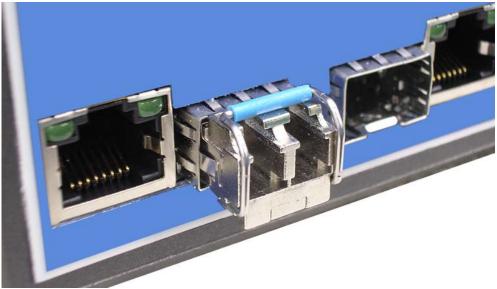


Figure 2.9: Transceiver Inserted



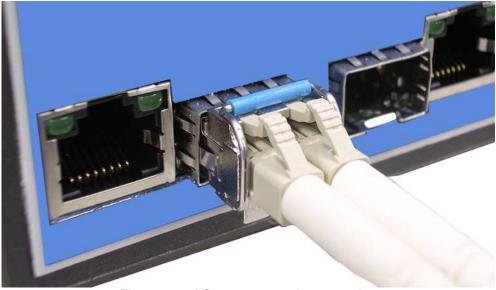


Figure 2.10: LC connector to the transceiver

To remove the LC connector from the transceiver, please follow the steps shown below:

First, press the upper side of the LC connector to release from the transceiver and pull it out.

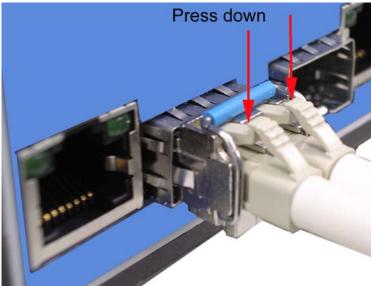


Figure 2.11: Remove LC connector

Second, push down the metal loop and pull the transceiver out by the plastic handle.

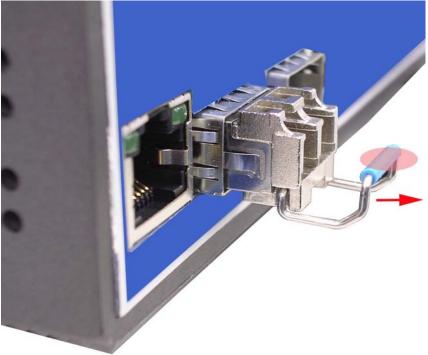


Figure 2.12: Pull out from the transceiver

2.6 Power Connection

The EKI-7654C supports dual +12 ~ 48 V_{DC} power inputs and power-fail relay output.

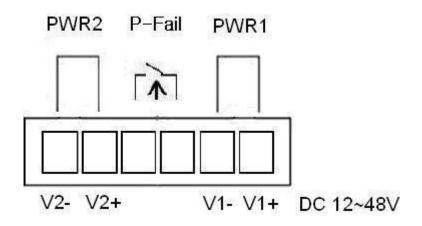
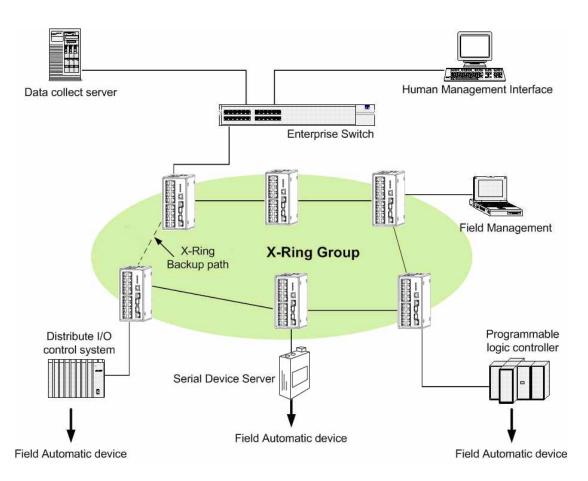


Figure 2.13: Pin Assignment of the Power Connector

You can connect an alarm indicator, buzzer or other signaling equipment through the relay output. The relay opens if power input 1, 2 fails or port link down/break ("Open" means if you connect relay output with an LED, the light would be off).

2.7 X-Ring Application

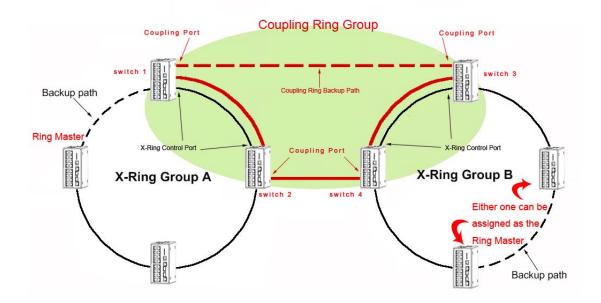
The industrial switch supports the X-Ring protocol that can help the network system recover from network connection failure within 10ms or less and make the network system more reliable. The X-Ring algorithm is similar to Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) and Rapid STP (RSTP) algorithm but its recovery time is less than STP/RSTP. The figure below is a sample of X-Ring application.



- Note The Ethernet switches with firmware version before v3.0 use the **X-Ring** function that has the limitation as follows. However, the one with firmware version after v3.0 (included) use the **X-Ring Pro** function that gets rid of the limitation.
 - 1. The X-Ring is supposed to recover from connection failure within 10ms when the amount of the connected devices of the X-Ring group is less than 50.

2.8 Coupling Ring Application

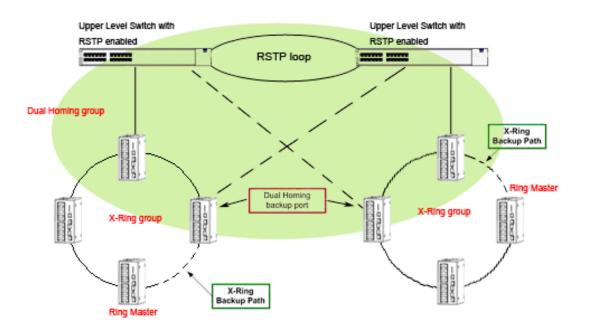
As the illustration shown below, users can use the X-Ring groups to form a coupling ring for redundant backup. It can ensure the transmissions between X-Ring groups not to fail. The following figure is a sample of coupling ring application.



- Note The Ethernet switches with firmware version before v3.0 use the **X-Ring** function that has the limitations as follows. However, the ones with firmware version after v3.0 (included) use the **X-Ring Pro** function that gets rid of the limitations.
 - 1. To ensure the coupling ring to work normally, the connection between control ports of each X-ring group, as the figure illustrated above, should always be active.
 - 2. The switches to be configured as members of the Coupling Ring group cannot be the X-Ring Master device of their X-ring group.
 - 3. As the figure illustrated above, Coupling Ring only supports two X-ring groups.

2.9 Dual Homing Application

The Dual Homing function is to prevent the connection loss between the particular X-Ring group and the upper level/core switch. Assign one port, and only one, to be the Dual Homing port that is the backup port in each single X-Ring group. The Dual Homing function only works when the X-Ring function is active.



- Note The Ethernet switches with firmware version before v3.0 use the **X-Ring** function that has the limitations as follows. However, the ones with firmware version after v3.0 (included) use the **X-Ring Pro** function that gets rid of the limitations.
 - 1. In Dual Homing application architecture, the upper level switches need to enable their Rapid Spanning Tree protocol.
 - 2. The switches to be configured as members of the Dual Homing group cannot be the X-Ring Master device of their X-ring group.
 - 3. As the figure illustrated above, Dual Homing only supports two X-ring groups.

CHAPTER

Configuration

Sections include:

- RS-232 Console
- Commands Set
- Web Browser

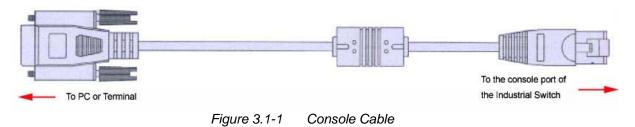
Chapter 3 Configuration

The EKI-7654C can be configured via RS-232 Console or a web browser.

3.1 RS-232 Console

EKI-7654C's RS-232 console is designed for rapidly configuring which provides the console management—CLI command.

Attach the supplied cable, which one end is RJ-45 and the other end is female DB9, to connect EKI-7654C and your host PC or terminal. The connected PC or terminal must support the terminal emulation program.



From the Windows desktop, click **Start/Programs/Accessories/Communications/HyperTerminal** to open Hyper Terminal program.

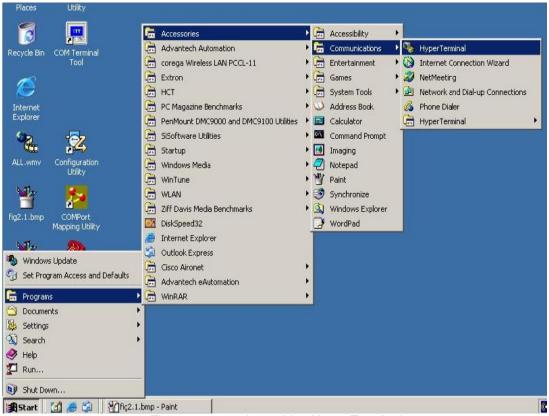


Figure 3.1-2 Launching Hyper Terminal

Select the appropriate COM port, and set the parameter as the figure shown below (9600 for Baud Rate, 8 for Data Bits, None for Parity, 1 for Stop Bits, and None for Flow Control).

OM6 Properties	<u>?</u> ×
Port Settings	
Bits per second: 9600	
Data bits: 8	
Parity: None	
Stop bits: 1	
Flow control: None]
Restore Defa	aults
OK Cancel	Apply
Figure 3.1-3 COM Port Properties Setti	ing

Press **Enter** for login screen (If you can not find the login screen, press **Enter** one more time). The default user name and password are both "**admin**". Key-in the user name and password to enter the command line interface.

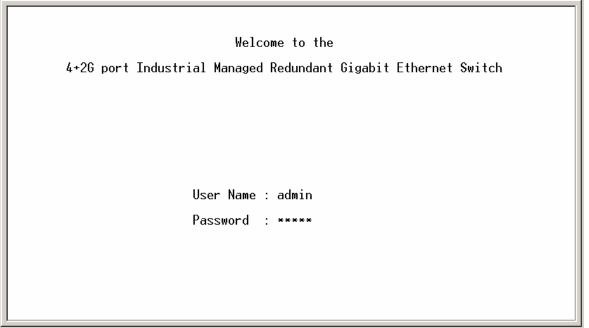
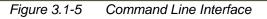


Figure 3.1-4 Login Screen: RS-232 Configuration

After you have logged in to the system, you will see a command prompt. To enter CLI management interface, type in "**enable**" command.

switch>enable switch#_



3.2 Commands Set

The following table lists the CLI commands and description.

3.2.1 Commands Level

Table 3.1: Cor	Table 3.1: Command Level				
Modes	Access Method	Prompt	Exit Method	About This Model	
User EXEC	Begin a session with your switch.	switch>	Enter logout or quit .	The user commands available at the user level are a subset of those available at the privileged level. Use this mode to • Perform basic tests. • Display system information.	
Privileged EXEC	Enter the enable command while in user EXEC mode.	switch#	Enter disable to exit.	The privileged commands are the advanced mode. Use this mode to • Display advanced function status • Save configuration	
Global Configuration	Enter the configure command while in privileged EXEC mode.	switch(config)#	To exit to the Privileged EXEC mode, enter exit or end	Use this mode to configure the parameters to be applied to your switch	
VLAN database	Enter the vlan database command while in privileged EXEC mode.	switch(vlan)#	To return to the User EXEC mode, enter exit.	Use this mode to configure VLAN-specific parameters.	
Interface configuration	Enter the interface command with a specific interface while in the Global Configuration mode	switch(config-if)#	To return to the previous mode, enter exit or end.	Use this mode to configure the parameters for the switch and Ethernet ports.	

3.2.2 Commands Set List

Table 3.2: Commands Set List				
Command	Code Word			
User EXEC	E			
Privileged EXEC	Р			
Global configuration	G			
VLAN database	v			
Interface configuration	I			

3.2.3 System Commands Set

Table 3.3: System Commands Set

Table 3.3: System Commands	s Set		
Command	Level	Description	Example
show config	E	Show switch configuration	switch>show config
show terminal	Р	Show console information	switch#show terminal
write memory	Р	Save user configuration into permanent memory (flash rom)	switch#write memory
system name [System Name]	G	Configure system name	switch(config)#system name xxx
system location	G	Set switch system location string	switch(config)#system location xxx
[System Location] system description	G	Set switch system description string	switch(config)#system description xxx
[System Description] system contact	G	Set switch system contact window	switch(config)#system contact xxx
[System Contact]		string	
show system-info	E	Show system information	switch>show system-info
i <mark>p address</mark> [Ip-address] [Subnet-mask] [Gateway]	G	Configure the IP address of switch	switch(config)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.254
ip dhcp	G	Enable DHCP client function of switch	switch(config)# ip dhcp
show ip	Р	Show IP information of switch	switch#show ip
no ip dhcp	G	Disable DHCP client function of switch	switch(config)# no ip dhcp
reload	G	Halt and perform a cold restart	switch(config)# reload
default	G	Restore to default	switch(config)#default
admin username		Changes a login username.	switch(config)#admin username xxxxxx
Username] admin password	G	(maximum 10 words) Specifies a password	switch(config)#admin password xxxxx
Password]	G	(maximum 10 words)	
show admin	Р	Show administrator information	switch#show admin
dhcpserver enable	G	Enable DHCP Server	switch(config)#dhcpserver enable
Dhcpserver disable	G	Disable DHCP Server	switch(config)#no dhcpserver
dhcpserver lowip [Low IP]	G	Configure low IP address for IP pool	switch(config)#dhcpserver lowip 192.168.1.100
dhcpserver highip [High IP]	G	Configure high IP address for IP pool	switch(config)#dhcpserver highip 192.168.1.200
dhcpserver subnetmask [Subnet mask]	G	Configure subnet mask for DHCP clients	switch(config)#dhcpserver subnetmask 255.255.255.0
dhcpserver gateway [Gateway]	G	Configure gateway for DHCP clients	switch(config)#dhcpserver gateway 192.168.1.254
dhcpserver dnsip [DNS IP]	G	Configure DNS IP for DHCP clients	switch(config)#dhcpserver dnsip 192.168.1.1
dhcpserver leasetime [Hours]	G	Configure lease time (in hour)	switch(config)#dhcpserver leasetime 1
dhcpserver ipbinding [IP address]	I	Set static IP for DHCP clients by port	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)#dhcpserver ipbinding 192.168.1.1
show dhcpserver configuration	Р	Show configuration of DHCP server	switch#show dhcpserver configuration
show dhcpserver clients	Р	Show client entries of DHCP server	switch#show dhcpserver clients
show dhcpserver ip-binding	Р	Show IP-Binding information of DHCP server	switch#show dhcpserver ip-binding
no dhcpserver	G	Disable DHCP server function	switch(config)# no dhcpserver
security enable	G	Enable IP security function	switch(config)#security enable
security http	G	Enable IP security of HTTP server	switch(config)#security http
security telnet	G	Enable IP security of telnet server	switch(config)# security telnet
security ip [Index(110)] [IP Address]	G	Set the IP security list	switch(config)#security ip 1 192.168.1.55

show security	Ρ	Show the information of IP security	switch#show security
no security	G	Disable IP security function	switch(config)# no security
no security http	G	Disable IP security of HTTP server	switch(config)# no security http
no security telnet	G	Disable IP security of telnet server	switch(config)#no security telnet

3.2.4 Port Commands Set

Command	Level		Example	
nterface fastEthernet Portid]	G	Choose the port for modification.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2	
<mark>duplex</mark> full half]	I	Use the duplex configuration command to specify the duplex mode of operation for Fast Ethernet.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#duplex full	
s peed 10 100 1000 auto]	I	Use the speed configuration command to specify the speed mode of operation for Fast Ethernet., the speed can't be set to 1000 if the port isn't a giga port	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#speed 100	
no flowcontrol	I	Disable flow control of interface	switch(config-if)# no flowcontrol	
security enable	I	Enable security of interface	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#security enable	
no security	I	Disable security of interface	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no security	
pandwidth type all	ı	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept all frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type all	
oandwidth type broadcast-multicast- looded-unicast	1	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept broadcast, multicast, and flooded unicast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast- multicast-flooded-unicast	
pandwidth type broadcast-multicast	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept broadcast and multicast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast- multicast	
oandwidth type broadcast-only	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "only accept broadcast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast-only	
pandwidth in Value]	I	Set interface input bandwidth. Rate Range is from 100 kbps to 102400 kbps or to 256000 kbps for giga ports, and zero means no limit.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth in 100	
pandwidth out Value]			switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth out 100	
show bandwidth	I	Show interfaces bandwidth control	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show bandwidth	
state Enable Disable]	I	Use the state interface configuration command to specify the state mode of operation for Ethernet ports. Use the disable	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#state Disable	

		form of this command to disable the port.	
show interface configuration	I		switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface configuration
show interface status	1		switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface status
show interface accounting	I.		switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface accounting
no accounting			switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no accounting

3.2.5 Trunk Commands Set

Table 3.5: Trunk Comman Command	nds Set	Description	Example
aggregator priority [1~65535]	G	Set port group system priority	switch(config)#aggregator priority 22
aggregator activityport [Group ID] [Port Numbers]	G	Set activity port	switch(config)#aggregator activityport 2
aggregator group [GroupID] [Port-list] lacp workp [Workport]	G	Assign a trunk group with LACP active. [GroupID] :1~3 [Port-list]:Member port list, This parameter could be a port range(ex.1-4) or a port list separate by a comma(ex.2, 3, 6) [Workport]: The amount of work ports, this value could not be less than zero or be large than the amount of member ports.	switch(config)#aggregator group 1 1-4 lacp workp 2 or switch(config)#aggregator group 2 1,4,3 lacp workp 3
aggregator group [GroupID] [Port-list] nolacp	G	Assign a static trunk group. [GroupID] :1~3 [Port-list]:Member port list, This parameter could be a port range(ex.1-4) or a port list separate by a comma(ex.2, 3, 6)	switch(config)#aggregator group 1 2-4 nolacp or switch(config)#aggregator group 1 3,1,2 nolacp
show aggregator	Р	Show the information of trunk group	switch#show aggregator 1 or switch#show aggregator 2 or switch#show aggregator 3
no aggregator lacp [GroupID]	G	Disable the LACP function of trunk group	switch(config)#no aggreator lacp 1
no aggregator group [GroupID]	G	Remove a trunk group	switch(config)#no aggreator group 2

3.2.6 VLAN Commands Set

Table 3.6: VLAN Commands Set					
Command	Level	Description	Example		
vlan database	Р	Enter VLAN configure mode	switch#vlan database		
Vlanmode	V	To set switch VLAN mode.	switch(vlan)#vlanmode portbase		

[a anthe a all 000 day loan una]			
[portbase 802.1q gvrp]			or switch(vlan)# vlanmode 802.1q
			or
			switch(vlan)#vlanmode gvrp
no vlan	V	No VLAN	Switch(vlan)#no vlan
		·	· · · ·
Ported based VLAN configuration	1		
vlan port-based grpname		Add new port based VALN	switch(vlan)#vlan port-based grpname test grpid
[Group Name]			2 port 2-4
grpid	v		or
[GroupID]			switch(vlan)#vlan port-based grpname test grpid
port [DortNumboro]			2 port 2,3,4
[PortNumbers] show vlan [GroupID]		Show VLAN information	switch(vlan)# show vlan 23
or			Switch(Mar)#Silow Vian 25
show vlan	V		
no vlan group	v	Delete port base group ID	switch(vlan)# no vlan group 2
[GroupID]	•		
IEEE 802.1Q VLAN			
- 1 0001			
vlan 8021q name [GroupName]		Change the name of VLAN group, if the group didn't exist, this command	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q name test vid 22
vid	V	can't be applied.	
[VID]		can t be applied.	
vlan 8021q port		Assign a access link for VLAN by	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021g port 3 access-link untag
[PortNumber]		port, if the port belong to a trunk	33
access-link untag	V	group, this command can't be	
[UntaggedVID]		applied.	
vlan 8021q port		Assign a trunk link for VLAN by port,	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 trunk-link tag
[PortNumber]	V	if the port belong to a trunk group,	2,3,6,99
trunk-link tag [TaggedVID List]		this command can't be applied.	or switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 trunk-link tag 3-20
vlan 8021q port		Assign a hybrid link for VLAN by	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 hybrid-link tag 3-20
[PortNumber]		port, if the port belong to a trunk	tag 3,6,8
hybrid-link untag	v	group, this command can't be	or
[UntaggedVID]	v	applied.	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 hybrid-link untag 5
tag			tag 6-8
[TaggedVID List]		And the second link for MLAND	
vlan 8021q trunk [PortNumber]		Assign a access link for VLAN by trunk group	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3 access-link untag 33
access-link untag	V	truik group	33
[UntaggedVID]			
vlan 8021q trunk		Assign a trunk link for VLAN by trunk	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3 trunk-link tag
[PortNumber]		group	2,3,6,99
trunk-link tag	V		or
[TaggedVID List]			switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3 trunk-link tag 3-
vlan 8021q trunk		Assign a hybrid link for VLAN by	20 switch(vlan)#vlan 8021g trunk 3 hybrid-link untag
[PortNumber]		trunk group	4 tag 3,6.8
hybrid-link untag		a and group	or
[UntaggedVID]	V		switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3 hybrid-link untag
tag			5 tag 6-8
[TaggedVID List]			
show vlan [GroupID]		Show VLAN information	switch(vlan)# show vlan 23
or show vlan	V		
no vlan group	v	Delete port base group ID	switch(vlan)#no vlan group 2
[GroupID]	v		

3.2.7 Spanning Tree Commands Set

Table 3.7: Spanning Tree Commands Set					
Command Level Description Example					
spanning-tree enable	G	Enable spanning tree	switch(config)#spanning-tree enable		

spanning-tree priority [0~61440]	G	Configure spanning tree priority parameter	switch(config)#spanning-tree priority 32767
spanning-tree max-age [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree max-age global configuration command to change the interval between messages the spanning tree receives from the root switch. If a switch does not receive a bridge protocol data unit (BPDU) message from the root switch within this interval, it recomputed the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) topology.	switch(config)# spanning-tree max-age 15
spanning-tree hello-time [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree hello-time global configuration command to specify the interval between hello bridge protocol data units (BPDUs).	switch(config)# spanning-tree hello-time 3
spanning-tree forward-time [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree forward- time global configuration command to set the forwarding-time for the specified spanning-tree instances. The forwarding time determines how long each of the listening and learning states last before the port begins forwarding.	switch(config)# spanning-tree forward-time 20
stp-path-cost [1~20000000]	I	Use the spanning-tree cost interface configuration command to set the path cost for Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) calculations. In the event of a loop, spanning tree considers the path cost when selecting an interface to place into the forwarding state.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#stp-path-cost 20
stp-path-priority [Port Priority]	I	Use the spanning-tree port-priority interface configuration command to configure a port priority that is used when two switches tie for position as the root switch.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#stp-path-priority 128
stp-admin-p2p [Auto True False]	L	Admin P2P of STP priority on this interface.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#stp-admin-p2p Auto
stp-admin-edge [True False]	I	interface.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#stp-admin-edge True
stp-admin-non-stp [True False]	L	Admin NonSTP of STP priority on this interface.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#stp-admin-non-stp False
show spanning-tree	Е	Displays a summary of the spanning-tree states.	switch>show spanning-tree
no spanning-tree	G	Disable spanning-tree.	switch(config)#no spanning-tree

3.2.8 QOS Commands Set

Table 3.8: QOS Commands Set				
Command	Level	Description	Example	
qos policy [weighted-fair strict]	G	Select QOS policy scheduling	switch(config)#qos policy weighted-fair	
qos prioritytype [port-based cos-only tos-only cos- first tos-first]	G	Setting of QOS priority type	switch(config)#qos prioritytype	
qos priority portbased [Port] [lowest low middle high]	G	Configure Port-based Priority	switch(config)#qos priority portbased 1 low	
qos priority cos [Priority][lowest low middle high]	G	Configure COS Priority	switch(config)#qos priority cos 0 middle	
<pre>qos priority tos [Priority][lowest low middle high]</pre>	G	Configure TOS Priority	switch(config)#qos priority tos 3 high	

show qos	D	Displays the information of QoS configuration	Switch#show qos
no qos	G	Disable QoS function	switch(config)# no qos

3.2.9 IGMP Commands Set

Table 3.9: QOS Commands Set				
Command	Level	Description	Example	
igmp enable	G	Enable IGMP snooping function	switch(config)#igmp enable	
Igmp-query auto	G	Set IGMP query to auto mode	switch(config)#Igmp-query auto	
Igmp-query force	G	Set IGMP query to force mode	switch(config)#Igmp-query force	
show igmp configuration	Р	Displays the details of an IGMP configuration.	switch#show igmp configuration	
show igmp multi	Р	Displays the details of an IGMP snooping entries.	switch#show igmp multi	
no igmp	G	Disable IGMP snooping function	switch(config)#no igmp	
no igmp-query	G	Disable IGMP query	switch# no igmp-query	

3.2.10 Mac/Filter Table Commands Set

Table 3.10: Mac/Filter Table Commands Set				
Command	Level	Description	Example	
mac-address-table static hwaddr [MAC]	I	Configure MAC address table of interface (static).	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#mac-address-table static hwaddr 000012345678	
mac-address-table filter hwaddr [MAC]	G	Configure MAC address table(filter)	switch(config)#mac-address-table filter hwaddr 000012348678	
show mac-address-table	Р	Show all MAC address table	switch#show mac-address-table	
show mac-address-table static	Р	Show static MAC address table	switch#show mac-address-table static	
show mac-address-table filter	Ρ	Show filter MAC address table.	switch#show mac-address-table filter	
no mac-address-table static hwaddr [MAC]	I	Remove an entry of MAC address table of interface (static)	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no mac-address-table static hwaddr 000012345678	
no mac-address-table filter hwaddr [MAC]	G	Remove an entry of MAC address table (filter)	switch(config)#no mac-address-table filter hwaddr 000012348678	
no mac-address-table	G	Remove dynamic entry of MAC address table	switch(config)#no mac-address-table	

3.2.11 SNMP Commands Set

Table 3.11: SNMP Commands S	et		
Command	Level	Description	Example
snmp system-name [System Name]	G	Set SNMP agent system name	switch(config)# snmp system-name l2switch

snmp system-location	G	Set SNMP agent system location	switch(config)#snmp system-location lab
[System Location]		Set SNMP agent system contact	switch(config)#snmp system-contact where
snmp system-contact [System Contact]	G	Set Siving agent system contact	switch(coning)#simp system-contact where
snmp agent-mode		Select the agent mode of SNMP	switch(config)#snmp agent-mode v1v2cv3
[v1v2c]v3]v1v2cv3]	G	Select the agent mode of Sinivir	switch(coning)#simp agent-mode vivzcvs
snmp community-strings [Community]		Add SNMP community string.	switch(config)#snmp community-strings public
right	G	Add Grain Community String.	right rw
[RO/RW]	Ŭ		ingin i w
snmp-server host		Configure SNMP server host	switch(config)#snmp-server host 192.168.1.50
[IP address]		information and community string	community public trap-version v1
community	G	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(remove)
[Community-string]	G		Switch(config)#
trap-version			no snmp-server host
[v1 v2c]			192.168.1.50
snmpv3 context-name	G	Configure the context name	switch(config)#snmpv3 context-name Test
[Context Name]	· ·		
snmpv3 user		Configure the userprofile for	switch(config)#snmpv3 user test01 group G1
[User Name]		SNMPV3 agent. Privacy password	password AuthPW PrivPW
group	G	could be empty.	
[Group Name] password	G		
[Authentication Password] [Privacy			
Password]			
snmpv3 access context-name		Configure the access table of	switch(config)#snmpv3 access context-name Test
[Context Name]		SNMPV3 agent	group G1 security-level AuthPriv
group			match-rule Exact views V1 V1 V1
[Group Name]			
security-level			
[NoAuthNoPriv AuthNoPriv AuthPriv]	G		
match-rule			
[Exact Prifix]			
views			
[Read View Name] [Write View Name]			
[Notify View Name]		O and an and the method and table of	
snmpv3 mibview view [View Name]		Configure the mibview table of SNMPV3 agent	switch(config)#snmpv3 mibview view V1 type Excluded sub-oid 1.3.6.1
type		SINIVIE VS agent	
[Excluded]Included]	G		
sub-oid			
[OID]			
show snmp	Ρ	Show SNMP configuration	switch#show snmp
no snmp community-strings	~	Remove the specified community.	switch(config)#no snmp community-strings public
[Community]	G		
no snmp-server host	G	Remove the SNMP server host.	switch(config)#no snmp-server 192.168.1.50
[Host-address]	9		
no snmpv3 user	G	Remove specified user of SNMPv3	switch(config)#no snmpv3 user Test
[User Name]	Ŭ	agent.	
no snmpv3 access context-name			switch(config)#no snmpv3 access context-name
[Context Name]		SNMPv3 agent.	Test group G1 security-level AuthPr
group			iv match-rule Exact views V1 V1 V1
[Group Name]			
security-level [NoAuthNoPriv AuthNoPriv AuthPriv]	G		
match-rule	9		
[Exact Prifix]			
views			
[Read View Name] [Write View Name]			
[Notify View Name]			
no snmpv3 mibview view		Remove specified mibview table of	switch(config)#no snmpv3 mibview view V1 type
[View Name]		SNMPV3 agent.	Excluded sub-oid 1.3.6.1
type	G		
[Excluded Included]	9		
sub-oid			
[OID]			

3.2.12 Port Mirroring Commands Set

Table 3.12: Port Mirroring Commands Set

Command	Level	Description	Example
monitor rx	G	Set RX destination port of monitor function	switch(config)# monitor rx
monitor tx	G	Set TX destination port of monitor function	switch(config)# monitor tx
show monitor	Р	Show port monitor information	switch#show monitor
monitor [RX TX Both]	I	Configure source port of monitor function	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#monitor RX
show monitor	I	Show port monitor information	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show monitor
no monitor	I	Disable source port of monitor function	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no monitor

3.2.13 802.1x Commands Set

Table 3.13: 802.1x Commands Set			
Command	Level	Description	Example
8021x enable	G	Use the 802.1x global configuration command to enable 802.1x protocols.	switch(config)# 8021x enable
8021x system radiusip [IP address]	G	Use the 802.1x system radius IP global configuration command to change the radius server IP.	switch(config)# 8021x system radiusip 192.168.1.1
8021x system serverport [port ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system server port global configuration command to change the radius server port	switch(config)# 8021x system serverport 1815
8021x system accountport [port ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system account port global configuration command to change the accounting port	switch(config)# 8021x system accountport 1816
8021x system sharekey [ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system share key global configuration command to change the shared key value.	switch(config)# 8021x system sharekey 123456
8021x system nasid [words]	G	Use the 802.1x system nasid global configuration command to change the NAS ID	switch(config)# 8021x system nasid test1
8021x misc quietperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc quiet period global configuration command to specify the quiet period value of the switch.	switch(config)# 8021x misc quietperiod 10
8021x misc txperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc TX period global configuration command to set the TX period.	switch(config)# 8021x misc txperiod 5
8021x misc supportimeout [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc supp timeout global configuration command to set the supplicant timeout.	switch(config)# 8021x misc supportimeout 20
8021x misc servertimeout [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc server timeout global configuration command to set the server timeout.	switch(config)#8021x misc servertimeout 20
8021x misc maxrequest [number]	G	Use the 802.1x misc max request global configuration command to set the MAX requests.	switch(config)# 8021x misc maxrequest 3
8021x misc reauthperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc reauth period global configuration command to set the reauth period.	switch(config)# 8021x misc reauthperiod 3000
8021x portstate [disable reject accept authorize]	I	Use the 802.1x port state interface configuration command to set the state of the selected port.	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#8021x portstate accept
show 8021x	Е	Displays a summary of the 802.1x properties and also the port sates.	switch> show 8021x

G

switch(config)#no 8021x

3.2.14 TFTP Commands Set

Table 3.14: TFTP Commands Set Command Level Description **Defaults Example** backup flash:backup_cfg Save configuration to TFTP and need switch(config)#backup flash:backup_cfg to specify the IP of TFTP server and G the file name of image. Get configuration from TFTP server switch(config)#restore flash:restore_cfg restore flash:restore_cfg and need to specify the IP of TFTP G server and the file name of image. upgrade flash:upgrade_fw Upgrade firmware by TFTP and need switch(config)#upgrade lash:upgrade_fw to specify the IP of TFTP server and G the file name of image.

3.2.15 SystemLog, SMTP and Event

Table 3.15: SysLog,SMTP,Event Commands Set			
Command	Level	Description	Example
systemlog ip [IP address]	G	Set System log server IP address.	switch(config)# systemlog ip 192.168.1.100
systemlog mode [client server both]	G	Specified the log mode	switch(config)# systemlog mode both
show systemlog	E	Displays system log.	Switch>show systemlog
show systemlog	Р	Show system log client & server information	switch#show systemlog
no systemlog	G	Disable systemlog functon	switch(config)#no systemlog
smtp enable	G	Enable SMTP function	switch(config)#smtp enable
smtp serverip [IP address]	G	Configure SMTP server IP	switch(config)#smtp serverip 192.168.1.5
smtp authentication	G	Enable SMTP authentication	switch(config)#smtp authentication
smtp account [account]	G	Configure authentication account	switch(config)#smtp account User
smtp password [password]	G	Configure authentication password	switch(config)#smtp password
smtp rcptemail [Index] [Email address]	G	Configure Rcpt e-mail Address	switch(config)#smtp rcptemail 1 <u>Alert@test.com</u>
show smtp	Р	Show the information of SMTP	switch#show smtp
no smtp	G	Disable SMTP function	switch(config)#no smtp
event device-cold-start [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set cold start event type	switch(config)#event device-cold-start both
event authentication-failure [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set Authentication failure event type	switch(config)#event authentication-failure both
event X-ring-topology-change [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set X - ring topology changed event type	switch(config)#event X-ring-topology-change both
event systemlog [Link-UP Link-Down Both]	I.	Set port event for system log	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#event systemlog both
event smtp [Link-UP Link-Down Both]	I	Set port event for SMTP	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#event smtp both
show event	Р	Show event selection	switch#show event
no event device-cold-start	G	Disable cold start event type	switch(config)#no event device-cold-start
no event authentication-failure	G	Disable Authentication failure event type	switch(config)#no event authentication-failure
no event X-ring-topology-change	G	Disable X - ring topology changed event type	switch(config)#no event X-ring-topology-change
no event systemlog	1	Disable port event for system log	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3

			switch(config-if)#no event systemlog
no event smpt	I		switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#no event smtp
show systemlog	Ρ	Show system log client & server information	switch# show systemlog

3.2.16 SNTP Commands Set

Table 3.16: SNTP Commands Set				
Command	Level	Description	Example	
sntp enable	G	Enable SNTP function	switch(config)#sntp enable	
sntp daylight	G	Enable daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp daylight	
sntp daylight-period [Start time] [End time]		Set period of daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied. Parameter format: [vvvvmmdd-hh:mm]	switch(config)# sntp daylight-period 20060101- 01:01 20060202-01-01	
sntp daylight-offset [Minute]	G	Set offset of daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp daylight-offset 3	
sntp ip [IP]	G	Set SNTP server IP, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp ip 192.169.1.1	
sntp timezone [Timezone]	G	Set timezone index, use "show sntp timzezone" command to get more information of index number	switch(config)#sntp timezone 22	
sntp sync-interval [SEC.]	G	Set synchronization interval	switch(config)#sntp sync-interval 0	
show sntp	Р	Show SNTP information	switch#show sntp	
show sntp timezone	Р	Show index number of time zone list	switch#show sntp timezone	
no sntp	G	Disable SNTP function	switch(config)#no sntp	
no sntp daylight	G	Disable daylight saving time	switch(config)#no sntp daylight	

3.2.17 X-ring Commands Set

Table 3.17: X-ring Commands Set				
Command	Level	Description	Example	
ring enable	G	Enable X-ring	switch(config)#ring enable	
ring master	G	Enable ring master	switch(config)#ring master	
ring couplering	G	Enable couple ring	switch(config)#ring couplering	
ring dualhoming	G	Enable dual homing	switch(config)#ring dualhoming	
ring ringport [1st Ring Port] [2nd Ring Port]	G	Configure 1st/2nd Ring Port	switch(config)#ring ringport 7 8	
ring couplingport [Coupling Port]	G	Configure Coupling Port	switch(config)#ring couplingport 1	
ring controlport [Control Port]	G	Configure Control Port	switch(config)#ring controlport 2	
ring homingport [Dual Homing Port]	G	Configure Dual Homing Port	switch(config)#ring homingport 3	
show ring	Р	Show the information of X - Ring	switch#show ring	
no ring	G	Disable X-ring	switch(config)#no ring	

no ring master	G	Disable ring master	switch(config)# no ring master
no ring couplering	G	Disable couple ring	switch(config)# no ring couplering
no ring dualhoming	G	Disable dual homing	switch(config)# no ring dualhoming

3.3 Web Browser

EKI-7654C provides a convenient configuring way via web browser. You can follow the steps below to access EKI-7654C.

EKI-7654C's default IP is 192.168.1.1. Make sure your host PC and EKI-7659 are on the same logical sub-network.

Warning Your host PC should be in the same VLAN setting with EKI-7654C, or the management will not be configured.

Connect EKI-7654C to the Ethernet then your host PC could be configured via Ethernet. Or you can directly connect EKI-7654C to your host PC with a straight-through or cross over Ethernet cable.

Before to use web management, install the industrial switch on the network and make sure that any one of PCs on the network can connect with the industrial switch through the web browser. The industrial switch default value of IP, subnet mask, username and password are as below:

- IP Address: 192.168.1.1
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.254
- User Name: admin
- Password: admin

Open Internet Explorer and type EKI-7654C's IP in the Address field then press Enter to open the web login page.

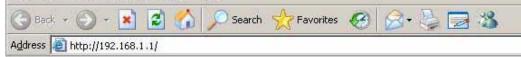


Figure 3.3-1 Type the address in the URL



Figure 3.3-2 Web Login Window

The default user name and password are both **admin**. Fill in the user name and password and then press **OK** to enter the configuration. You can change the password in the User Authentication section.

In the main page, you can find the tree menu structure of the Ethernet switch in the left side. Click the "+" symbol to unroll the hiding hyperlink, and click any one of the hyperlinks to open its function page.

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial Switch
Open all B Main Page ■ System ■ Port ■ Protocol ■ Security B Factory Default B Save Configuration B System Reboot	Welcome to the EKI-7654C 4+2G port Industrial Managed Redundant Gigabit Ethernet Switch
	Copyright © 2010 Advantech Co., Ltd., all rights reserved.

Figure 3.3-3 Main page

3.3.1 System

System Information

Here you can view the system information and assign the system name and location to make this switch more easily to be identified on your network.

- System Name: Assign the name of the switch. The maximum length is 64 bytes.
- System Description: Displays the description of switch. Read only cannot be modified.
- System Location: Assign the switch physical location. The maximum length is 64 bytes.
- System Contact: Enter the name of contact person or organization.
- Firmware Version: Displays the switch's firmware version.
- Kernel Version: Displays the kernel software version.
- MAC Address: Displays the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer (default).

Warning Don't set "0" for the first segment of the subnet mask and default gateway (000.xxx.xxx.xxx). Refresh the web screen if the web could not be displayed while you change the setting.

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial Switch
Open all Main Page □ ் System	System Information
System Information	System Name EKI-7654C
IP Configuration DHCP Server	System Description 4+2G port Industrial Managed Redundant Gigabit Ethernet Swit
TFTP Transaction	System Location
System Event Log	System Contact
 Fault Relay Alarm SNTP IP Security User Authentication Port Protocol Security Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	ApplyHelpFirmware Versionv1.00Kernel Versionv1.04MAC Address000F38012C40
	Figure 3.3-4 System Information

IP Configuration

The interface allows users to configure the switch to receive an IP address from DHCP server or manually fill in **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**, **Gateway**, IP addresses of the primary and the secondary DNS servers.

- **DHCP Client**: Enable or disable the DHCP client function. When DHCP client function is enabled, the industrial switch will be assigned an IP address from the network DHCP server. The default IP address will be replaced by the assigned IP address on DHCP server. After users click **Apply**, a popup dialog shows up. It is to inform the user that when the DHCP client is enabled, the current IP will lose and user should find the new IP on the DHCP server.
- **IP Address**: Assign the IP address that the network is using. If DHCP client function is enabled, and then the user doesn't need to assign the IP address. And, the network DHCP server will assign the IP address displaying in this column for the industrial switch. The default IP is 192.168.1.1.
- **Subnet Mask**: Assign the subnet mask to the IP address. If DHCP client function is enabled, and then the user does not need to assign the subnet mask.
- Gateway: Assign the network gateway for the industrial switch. The default gateway is 192.168.1.254.
- **DNS1**: The abbreviation of Domain Name Server—an Internet service that translate domain name into IP addresses. Domain name are alphabetic which are easy to be remembered. Because the Internet is based on IP address; every time you use a domain name, therefore, a DNS service must translate the name into the corresponding IP address. For example, the domain name **www.net.com** might translate to 192.168.1.1
- DNS2: The backup for DNS1. When DNS1 cannot function, DNS2 will then replace DNS1 immediately.
- And then, click Apply

AD\ANTECH		
		Industrial Switch
Open all	IP Con	figuration
📓 Main Page		5
🗆 🔄 System		
🗎 System Information	DHCP Cli	ent : Disable 💌
IP Configuration		
DHCP Server	IP Address	192.168.1.1
TFTP Transaction	Subnet Mas	k 255.255.255.0
🖹 System Event Log		192.168.1.254
📔 Fault Relay Alarm	Gateway	192.108.1.254
SNTP	DNS1	0.0.0.0
IP Security	DNS2	0.0.0.0
User Authentication Image: Description Image: Description		
Protocol	Ap	ply Help
E Coston Dofault		
	Figure 3.3-5 IP Cont	ïguration

DHCP Server – System configuration

DHCP is the abbreviation of Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol that is a protocol for assigning dynamic IP addresses to devices on a network. With dynamic addressing, a device can have a different IP address every time it connects to the network. In some systems, the device's IP address can even change while it is still connected. DHCP also supports a mix of static and dynamic IP addresses. Dynamic addressing simplifies network administration because the software keeps track of IP addresses rather than requiring an administrator to manage the task. This means that a new computer can be added to a network without the hassle of manually assigning it a unique IP address.

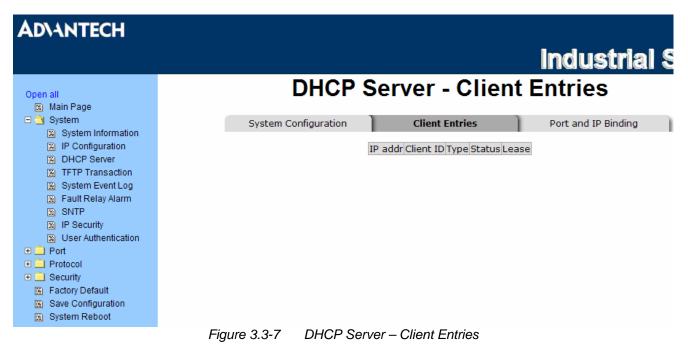
The system provides the DHCP server function. The system provides the DHCP server function. Having enabled the DHCP server function, the switch system can be a DHCP server.

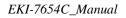
- **DHCP Server:** Enable or Disable the DHCP Server function. Enable—the switch will be the DHCP server on your local network.
- Low IP Address: Type in an IP address. Low IP address is the beginning of the dynamic IP range. For example, dynamic IP is in the range between 192.168.1.100 ~ 192.168.1.200. In contrast, 192.168.1.100 is the Low IP address.
- **High IP Address:** Type in an IP address. High IP address is the end of the dynamic IP range. For example, dynamic IP is in the range between 192.168.1.100 ~ 192.168.1.200. In contrast, 192.168.1.200 is the High IP address.
- **Subnet Mask:** Type in the subnet mask of the IP configuration.
- Gateway: Type in the IP address of the gateway in your network.
- DNS: Type in the Domain Name Server IP Address in your network.
- Lease Time (sec): It is the time period that system will reset the dynamic IP assignment to ensure the dynamic IP will not been occupied for a long time or the server doesn't know that the dynamic IP is idle.
- And then, click Apply

AD\ANTECH				
				Industrial S
Open all	DHCP Serv	er - Sys	tem Co	nfiguration
📓 Main Page		-		•
🗆 🔁 System	System Configuration	Client E	ntries	Port and IP Binding
System Information				-
IP Configuration		DHCP Server	: Disable 💌	
DHCP Server TFTP Transaction	_			1
System Event Log		Low IP Address	192.168.16.100	
Fault Relay Alarm	-	High IP Address	192.168.16.200	
SNTP	-	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
IP Security	-			
📓 User Authentication		Gateway	192.168.16.254	
E i Port		DNS	0.0.0.0	
Protocol		Lease Time (sec)	86400	
 E Security E Factory Default 	L		·	1
Save Configuration		Apply	Help	
System Reboot				
	Figure 3.3-6 DHCP Server	- System Conf	figuration	

DHCP Server – Client Entries

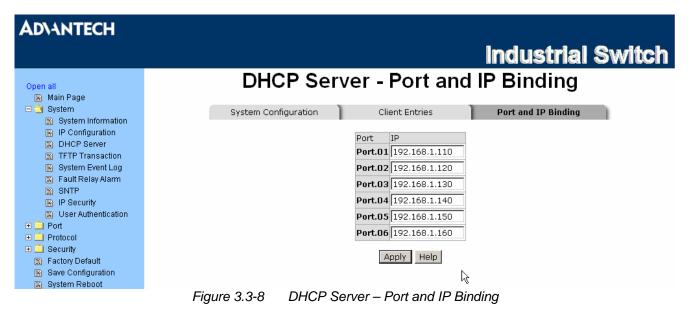
When the DHCP server function is active, the system will collect the DHCP client information and displays it here.





DHCP Server - Port and IP Bindings

Assign the dynamic IP address to the port. When the device is connecting to the port and asks for IP assigning, the system will assign the IP address that has been assigned before to the connected device.



TFTP - Update Firmware

Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) is a very simple file transfer protocol, with the functionality of a very basic form of FTP. It provides the functions to allow the user to update the switch firmware. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image is on the TFTP server.

- TFTP Server IP Address: Fill in your TFTP server IP.
- Firmware File Name: Type in the name of firmware image.
- And then, click Apply

AD\ANTECH	Industrial S
Open all Main Page	TFTP - Update Firmware
System System Information System Information DHCP Server TFTP Transaction System Event Log Fault Relay Alarm SNTP IP Security User Authentication	Update Firmware Restore Configuration Backup Configuration TFTP Server IP Address 192.168.1.2 Firmware File Name image.bin Apply Help
	Figure 3.3-9 TFTP – Update Firmware

TFTP – Restore Configuration

You can restore the configuration from TFTP server. Before doing that, you must put the image file on TFTP server first and the switch will download back the flash image.

- TFTP Server IP Address: Fill in the TFTP server IP.
- Restore File Name: Fill in the correct restore file name.
- Click Apply

AD\ANTECH				Industrial S
Open all Main Page	Т	FTP -	Restore Config	guration
System System Information System Information DHCP Server STFTP Transaction System Event Log Fault Relay Alarm SNTP SIP Security User Authentication Port Protocol Security Security Save Configuration	Update F		Restore Configuration IP Address 192.168.1.2 e Name data.bin Apply Help	Backup Configuration
System Reboot	Figure 3.3-10	TFTP – R	estore Configuration	

TFTP - Backup Configuration

You can save current Flash ROM value from the switch to TFTP server for restoring later.

- TFTP Server IP Address: Fill in the TFTP server IP
- Backup File Name: Fill in the file name
- Click Apply .

ADVANTECH	Industrial S
Open all Main Page	TFTP - Backup Configuration
 System System Information IP Configuration DHCP Server TFTP Transaction System Event Log Fault Relay Alarm SNTP IP Security User Authentication Port Protocol Security Save Configuration 	Update Firmware Restore Configuration Backup Configuration TFTP Server IP Address 192.168.1.2 Backup File Name Idata.bin Apply Help
🖹 System Reboot	Figure 3.3-11 TFTP – Backup Configuration

System Event Log – Syslog Configuration

Configure the system event mode to collect system log.

- Syslog Client Mode: Select the system log mode—Client Only, Server Only, or Both.
- System Log Server IP Address: Assign the system log server IP.
- When Syslog Client Mode is set as **Client Only**, the system event log will only be reserved in the switch's RAM until next reboot. When Syslog Client Mode is set as **Server Only**, the system log will only be sent to the syslog server and you have to type the IP address in the Syslog Server IP Address column. If the Syslog Client Mode is set as **Both**, the system log will be reserved in the switch's RAM and sent to server.
- Click Reload to refresh the events log.
- Click Clear to clear all current events log.
- After configuring, click Apply

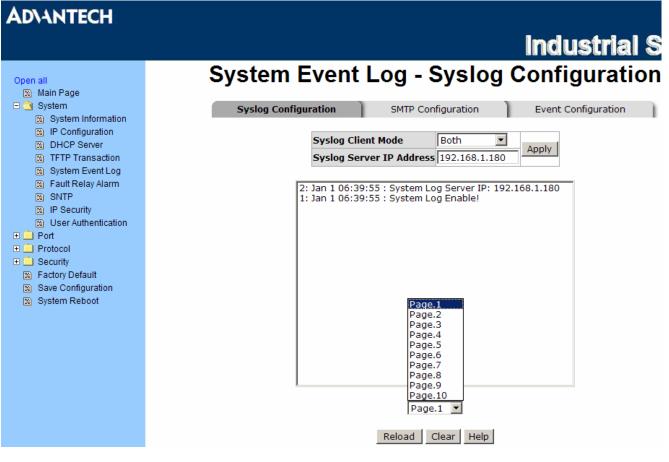


Figure 3.3-12 Syslog Configuration

System Event Log - SMTP Configuration

You can set up the mail server IP, mail account, password, and forwarded email account for receiving the event alert.

- Email Alert: Enable or disable the email alert function.
- **SMTP Server IP:** Set up the mail server IP address (when **Email Alert** enabled, this function will then be available).
- Sender: Type in an alias of the switch in complete email address format, e.g. <u>switch01@123.com</u>, to identify where the event log comes from.
- Authentication: Tick the checkbox to enable this function, configuring the email account and password for authentication (when **Email Alert** enabled, this function will then be available).
- Mail Account: Set up the email account, e.g. <u>Tomadmin</u>, to receive the alert. It must be an existing email account on the mail server, which you had set up in SMTP Server IP Address column.

Inductrial

- Password: Type in the password to the email account.
- Confirm Password: Reconfirm the password.
- Rcpt e-mail Address 1 ~ 6: You can also assign up to 6 e-mail accounts to receive the alert.
- Click Apply

AD\ANTECH

	III U U SU II	લા ૯
	System Event Log - SMTP Configurat	ion
Open all	Cystem Event Log Chill Comgarat	
📓 Main Page		
🗆 🔄 System	Syslog Configuration SMTP Configuration Event Configuratio	n
System Information		
IP Configuration	E-mail Alert: Enable	
DHCP Server		
TFTP Transaction	SMTP Server IP Address : 192.168.1.5	
System Event Log	Sender : switch01@123.com	
Fault Relay Alarm SNTP		
IP Security	✓ Authentication	
User Authentication	Mail Account : Tomadmin	
	Password :	
🗉 🚞 Protocol		
🕀 🚊 Security	Confirm Password :	
🚊 Factory Default	Rcpt e-mail Address 1 : supervisor@123.com	
Save Configuration System Reboot	Rcpt e-mail Address 2 :	
System Reboot	Rcpt e-mail Address 3 :	
	Rcpt e-mail Address 4 :	
	Rcpt e-mail Address 5 :	
	Rcpt e-mail Address 6 :	
	Apply Help	

Figure 3.3-13 SMTP Configuration

System Event Log - Event Configuration

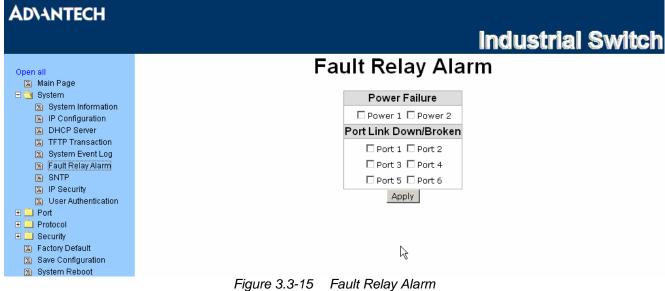
When the **Syslog/SMTP** checkbox is ticked, the event log will be sent to system log server/SMTP server. Also, per port log (link up, link down, and both) events can be sent to the system log server/SMTP server with the respective checkbox ticked. After configuring, click 'Apply' to have the setting taken effect.

- System event selection: There are 4 event types—Device cold start, Device warm start, Authentication Failure, and X-ring topology change. Before you can tick the checkbox of each event type, the Syslog Client Mode column on the Syslog Configuration tab/E-mail Alert column on the SMTP Configuration tab must be enabled first.
 - Device cold start: When the device executes cold start action, the system will issue a log event.
 - > Device warm start: When the device executes warm start, the system will issue a log event.
 - > Authentication Failure: When the SNMP authentication fails, the system will issue a log event.
 - X-ring topology change: When the X-ring topology has changed, the system will issue a log event.
- **Port event selection:** Also, before the drop-down menu items are available, the Syslog Client Mode column on the Syslog Configuration tab/E-mail Alert column on the SMTP Configuration tab must be enabled first. Those drop-down menu items have 3 selections—Link UP, Link Down, and Link UP & Link Down. Disable means no event will be sent to the system log server/SMTP server.
 - > Link UP: The system will issue a log message when port connection links up only.
 - > Link Down: The system will issue a log message when port connection links down only.
 - Link UP & Link Down: The system will issue a log message when port connection is up and down.

AD\ANTECH					
			In	dustria	al Switch
Open all	System E	vent Log - E		1 (12) (12) (12) (12) (13) (13)	
 Main Page System System Information 	Syslog Configurati	on SMTP Configur	ation Ev	ent Configuratio	n
 IP Configuration DHCP Server 		System event s	election		
🚊 TFTP Transaction		Event Type	Syslog	SMTP	
🖺 System Event Log	Device cold st	tart			
📓 Fault Relay Alarm 📓 SNTP	Device warm	start			
IP Security	Authentication failure				
 User Authentication Port 	X-Ring topology change				
🗉 📄 Protocol					
 E Security Factory Default 	Port event selection Port Syslog SMTP				
Save Configuration	Port.01	Link Up & Link Down 💌	Disable	•	
🖹 System Reboot	Port.02	Disable Link Up	Disable		
	Port.03	Link Down Link Up & Link Down	Disable	•	
	Port.04	Disable 🚽 🕏	Disable	•	
	Port.05	Disable 💌	Disable		
	Port.06	Disable 💌	Disable	•	
			elp		
	Figure 3.3-1	14 Event Configura	ation		

Fault Relay Alarm

- **Power Failure:** Tick the checkbox to enable the function of lighting up the **FAULT** LED on the panel when power fails.
- **Port Link Down/Broken:** Tick the checkbox to enable the function of lighting up **FAULT** LED on the panel when ports' states are link-down or broken.



SNTP Configuration

You can configure the SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) settings which allow you to synchronize switch clocks on the Internet.

- **SNTP Client:** Enable/disable SNTP function to get the time from the SNTP server.
- **Daylight Saving Time:** Enable/disable daylight saving time function. When daylight saving time is enabled, you need to configure the daylight saving time period.
- **UTC Timezone:** Set the switch location time zone. The following table lists the different location time zone for your reference.

Table 3.18: UTC Timezone				
Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC		
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11am		
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am		
ADT - Atlantic Daylight	-3 hours	9 am		
AST - Atlantic Standard EDT - Eastern Daylight	-4 hours	8 am		
EST - Eastern Standard CDT - Central Daylight	-5 hours	7 am		
CST - Central Standard MDT - Mountain Daylight	-6 hours	6 am		
MST - Mountain Standard PDT - Pacific Daylight	-7 hours	5 am		
PST - Pacific Standard ADT - Alaskan Daylight	-8 hours	4 am		
ALA - Alaskan Standard	-9 hours	3 am		
HAW - Hawaiian Standard	-10 hours	2 am		
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am		
CET - Central European FWT - French Winter MET - Middle European MEWT - Middle European Winter SWT - Swedish Winter	+1 hour	1 pm		
EET - Eastern European, USSR Zone 1	+2 hours	2 pm		
BT - Baghdad, USSR Zone 2	+3 hours	3 pm		
ZP4 - USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm		

ZP5 - USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm
ZP6 - USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST - West Australian Standard	+7 hours	7 pm
CCT - China Coast, USSR Zone 7	+8 hours	8 pm
JST - Japan Standard, USSR Zone 8	+9 hours	9 pm
EAST - East Australian Standard GST Guam Standard, USSR Zone 9	+10 hours	10 pm
IDLE - International Date Line NZST - New Zealand Standard NZT - New Zealand	+12 hours	Midnight

- SNTP Sever URL: Set the SNTP server IP address.
- Switch Timer: Displays the current time of the switch.
- **Daylight Saving Period:** Set up the Daylight Saving beginning time and Daylight Saving ending time. Both will be different in every year.
- Daylight Saving Offset (mins): For non-US and European countries, specify the amount of time for day light savings.
- Synchronization Interval (secs): The Synchronization Interval is used for sending synchronizing packets periodically. Users can assign the time ranging from 64 to 1024 seconds. The "0" value displaying by default means that you disable the auto-synchronized feature in the SNTP client mode. You can enable the feature by filling the interval range from 64 ~ 1024 seconds.

Industrial Switch

Click Apply

AD\ANTECH

Open all	SNTP Configuration									
🖼 Main Page										
🖃 🔁 System	SNTP Client : Enable 🗸									
🖹 System Information										
📔 IP Configuration	Daylight Saving Time : Enable 💙									
DHCP Server										
🗃 TFTP Transaction	UTC Timezone (GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 💙									
🖺 System Event Log	SNTP Server URL 0.0.0.0									
🖼 🛛 Fault Relay Alarm										
🗒 SNTP	Switch Timer									
🖺 IP Security	Daylight Saving Period 20040101 00:0 20040101 00:0									
📓 User Authentication	Daylight Saving Offset(mins)									
🕀 🦲 Port										
🕀 🛄 Protocol	Synchronization Interval(secs)									
🗉 🛄 Security										
🖺 Factory Default	(Apply) (Help)									
Save Configuration										
📓 System Reboot										
	Figure 3.3-16 SNTP Configuration									

IP Security

IP security function allows the user to assign 10 specific IP addresses that have permission to access the switch through the web browser for the securing switch management.

- IP Security Mode: When this option is in Enable mode, the Enable HTTP Server and Enable Telnet Server checkboxes will then be available.
- Enable HTTP Server: When this checkbox is ticked, the IP addresses among Security IP1 ~ IP10 will be allowed to access this switch via HTTP service.
- Enable Telnet Server: When this checkbox is ticked, the IP addresses among Security IP1 ~ IP10 will be allowed to access this switch via telnet service.
- Security IP 1 ~ 10: The system allows the user to assign up to 10 specific IP addresses for access security. Only these 10 IP addresses can access and manage the switch through the HTTP/Telnet service.
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration.

Note

Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

AD\ANTECH	Industrial Switch
 Main Page System System Information IP Configuration IP Configuration DHCP Server TTTP Transaction System Event Log Fault Relay Alarm SNTP IP Security IP Security Ver Authentication Port Protocol Security Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	IP Security Mode: Enable ▼ ✓ Enable HTTP Server ✓ Enable Telnet Server ✓ Enable Telnet Server Security IP1 192.168.1.77 Security IP2 192.168.1.89 Security IP3 192.168.1.120 Security IP4 0.0.0.0 Security IP5 0.0.0.0 Security IP5 0.0.0.0 Security IP5 0.0.0.0 Security IP9 0.0.0.0 Security IP9 0.0.0.0
	Apply Help Figure 3.3-17 IP Security

User Authentication

Change web management login user name and password for the management security issue.

- User name: Key in the new user name (The default is "admin").
- Password: Key in the new password (The default is "admin").
- Confirm password: Re-type the new password.
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration.

AD\ANTECH				
			Ind	ustrial Switch
Open all 📰 Main Page		User Authe	entication	
🖃 😋 System		User Name :	admin	
System Information		New Password :		
IP Configuration DHCP Server		Confirm Password :		
TFTP Transaction		Comirm Passworu :	•••••	
📓 System Event Log		Apply	Help	
🚊 🛛 Fault Relay Alarm	R			
🖺 SNTP	. 0			
IP Security				
📓 User Authentication				
Factory Default				
Save Configuration				
🖹 System Reboot				
	Figure 3	3.3-18 User Authenti	cation	

3.3.2 Port

Port setting includes Port Statistics, Port Control, Port Trunk, Port Mirroring, and Rate Limiting. The user can use this interface to set the parameters and control the packet flow among the ports.

Port Statistics

The following information provides the current port statistic information.

- Port: Displays the port number.
- **Type:** Displays the media type of the port.
- Link: The status of linking—'Up' or 'Down'. •
- State: The user can set the state of the port as 'Enable' or 'Disable' via Port Control. When the state is disabled, the port will not transmit or receive any packet.
- Tx Good Packet: The counts of transmitting good packets via this port.
- Tx Bad Packet: The counts of transmitting bad packets (including undersize [less than 64 bytes], oversize, CRC Align errors, fragments and jabbers packets) via this port.
- Rx Good Packet: The counts of receiving good packets via this port.
- Rx Bad Packet: The counts of receiving bad packets (including undersize [less than 64 bytes]. oversize, CRC error, fragments and jabbers) via this port.
- Tx Abort Packet: The aborted packet while transmitting.
- Packet Collision: The counts of collision packet.
- Packet Dropped: The counts of dropped packet.
- Rx Bcast Packet: The counts of broadcast packet.
- Rx Mcast Packet: The counts of multicast packet.
- Click Clear to clean all counts.

AD\ANTECH

Port Statistics

🖺 Save Configuration 🚊 System Reboot

🗉 🚞 Protocol 🗉 🚞 Security

Open all 🚊 Main Page 🗉 🚞 System 🖃 🔿 Port

								l	Indi	istr i	ial S	Swit
Port Statistics												
Port	Туре	Link	State					Tx Abort Packet				RX Mcast Packet
Port.01	100TX	Up	Enable	555	0	1253	0	0	0	0	76	0
Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	0	Ω	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FOLCOZ	10010	DOWN	Endbio						-	-		

0

Port Control	Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	
🚊 Port Trunk	Port.03	100TX	Down	Enable	
Port Mirroring	Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	
Rate Limiting	Port.05	1GTX/mGBIC	Down	Enable	ſ
	Port.06	1GTX/mGBIC	Down	Enable	
Protocol					
E 🦲 Security					
🚊 Factory Default					

Clear Help

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Figure 3.3-19 Port Statistics

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Port Control

In Port Control, you can pull down the selection items to set the parameters of each port to control the transmitting/receiving packets.

- **Port:** Select the port that you want to configure.
- State: Current port status. The port can be set to disable or enable mode. If the port state is set as 'Disable', it will not receive or transmit any packet.
- **Negotiation:** Auto and Force. Being set as Auto, the speed and duplex mode are negotiated automatically. When you set it as Force, you have to assign the speed and duplex mode manually.
- **Speed:** It is available for selecting when the Negotiation column is set as Force. When the Negotiation column is set as Auto, this column is read only.
- **Duplex:** It is available for selecting when the Negotiation column is set as Force. When the Negotiation column is set as Auto, this column is read only.
- Flow Control: Set flow control function as Enable or Disable. When enabled, once the device exceed the input data rate of another device as a result the receiving device will send a PAUSE frame which halts the transmission of the sender for a specified period of time. When disabled, the receiving device will drop the packet if too much to process.
- Security: Once the Security selection is set as 'On', any access from the device which connects to this port will be blocked unless the MAC address of the device is included in the static MAC address table. See the segment of Static MAC Table.
- Click Apply to make the configuration effective.

AD\ANTECH

<u>\</u>								Inc	dustri	al Swi
Open all Main Page System						Cont				
Port Port Statistics Port Control Port Trunk Port Trunk Port Aniroring Rate Limiting Protocol Security		Port.0 Port.0 Port.0 Port.0	Enable		uto 💌			Enable	• Off •	
 Factory Default Save Configuration 	Port	Group ID	Туре	Link	State	Negotiation		Duplex Actual	Flow Control Config Actua	Security
🖺 System Reboot	Port.01	N/A	100TX	Up	Enable	Auto	100 Fu	ll 100 Full	Enable ON	OFF
	Port.02	-	100TX		Enable		100 Fu		Enable N/A	OFF
	Port.03		100TX		Enable		100 Fu		Enable N/A	OFF
	Port.04	-	100TX		Enable		100 Ful		Enable N/A	OFF
	Port.05 Port.06	-	1GTX/mGBIC 1GTX/mGBIC		-		1G Full 1G Full		Enable N/A Enable N/A	OFF

Figure 3.3-20 Port Control

Port Trunk

The Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) provides a standardized means for exchanging information between Partner Systems on a link to allow their Link Aggregation Control instances to reach agreement on the identity of the Link Aggregation Group to which the link belongs, move the link to that Link Aggregation Group, and enable its transmission and reception functions in an orderly manner. Link aggregation lets you group up to 4 ports into one dedicated connections. This feature can expand bandwidth to a device on the network. **LACP operation requires full-duplex mode,** more detail information refers to IEEE 802.3ad.

Aggregator setting

- **System Priority:** A value which is used to identify the active LACP. The switch with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the active LACP.
- Group ID: There are four trunk groups to be selected. Choose the 'Group ID' and click Select
- LACP: When enabled, the trunk group is using LACP. A port which joins an LACP trunk group has to make an agreement with its member ports first. When disabled, the trunk group is a static trunk group. The advantage of having the LACP disabled is that a port joins the trunk group without any handshaking with its member ports. But member ports won't know that they should be aggregated together to form a logic trunk group.
- Work ports: This column field allows the user to type in the total number of active port up to four. With LACP trunk group, you create a trunk group by connecting two or more switches (e.g. you assign four ports to be the members of a trunk group whose work ports column field is set as two). The exceed ports are standby (the Aggregator Information tab will show standby status on the exceed ports) and can be aggregated if work ports fail. If it is a static trunk group, the number of work ports must equal the total number of group member ports.
- Select the ports to join the trunk group. The system allows four ports maximum to be aggregated in a trunk group. Click Add to add the port which is focused to the left field. To remove unwanted ports, aclest the port and slick. Durant

select the port and click Remove .

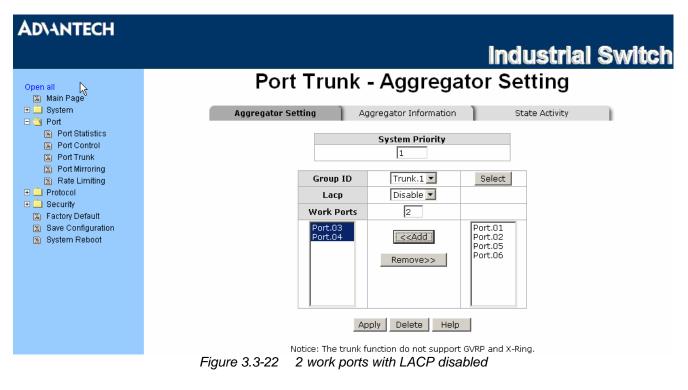
- When LACP enabled, you can configure LACP Active/Passive status for each port on State Activity page.
- Click Apply
- Use Apply to delete Trunk Group. Select the Group ID and click Delete

AD\ANTECH	Industrial Switch
Open all Main Page	Port Trunk - Aggregator Setting
System Yort Port Port Statistics Port Control Port Trunk Port Mirroring	Aggregator Setting Aggregator Information State Activity System Priority 1
 ■ Fortwinning ■ Rate Limiting ● Protocol ● ⊇ Security 	Group ID Trunk.1 Select
 Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	Work Ports 2 Port.01 Port.04 Port.02 C <add< td=""> Remove>> Port.05 Port.06</add<>
	Apply Delete Help Notice: The trunk function do not support GVRP and X-Ring. Figure 3.3-21 2 work ports with LACP enabled

Chapter3

Aggregator Information

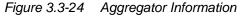
When you have set up the aggregator setting with LACP disabled, you will see the local static trunk group information as below.



AD\ANTECH		
	Industrial Sw	itch
Open all 📓 Main Page	Port Trunk - Aggregator Information	
🗉 🧰 System	Aggregator Setting Aggregator Information State Activity	
Ort Statistics Port Control Port Control Port Trunk Port Mirroring Rate Limiting Protocol Security Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot	Static Trunking Group Group Key 1 Port Member 3 4	
	Figure 3.3-23 Static trunking group of 2 ports	

When you have set up the aggregator setting of two interconnected switches with LACP enabled, you will see the respective LACP trunk group information as below.

AD\ANTECH							
						Inc	lustrial
Onen ell	Port Trur	ık -	Addr	eda	tor	Infor	mation
Open all Main Page				-9-			
	Aggregator Setting		Aggregator	Informat	tion	C	ate Activity
🖃 🔄 Port	Aggregator Setting		Aggregator	IIIOIIIIa		51	ate Activity
Port Statistics							
Port Control							
Port Trunk				Group1			
Port Mirroring		Actor			Partne	r	
Rate Limiting		Priority	1		1		
🗉 🧰 Protocol		MAC	00FF383746	5C	001122	2334422	
🗉 🧰 Security		PortNo	Key Priority			Key Priori	y
Factory Default			513 1	selected			
Save Configuration		PORT1	513 1	selected	PORT2	513 1	
System Reboot							
	Figure 3.3-24 Agar	aata	Informatio	n			



State Activity

Having set up the LACP aggregator on the tab of Aggregator Setting, you can configure the state activity for the members of the LACP trunk group. You can tick or cancel the checkbox beside the state display. When you remove the tick mark to the port and click Apply, the port state activity will change to **Passive**.

- Active: The port automatically sends LACP protocol packets.
- **Passive:** The port does not automatically send LACP protocol packets, and responds only if it receives LACP protocol packets from the opposite device.

Note

A link having either two active LACP nodes or one active node can perform dynamic LACP trunk.

A *link* having two passive LACP nodes will not perform dynamic LACP trunk because both ports are waiting for an LACP protocol packet from the opposite device.

ADVANTECH							
7					Inc	dustrial	Switch
Open all 📓 Main Page	Po	rt	Trunk -	Sta	te Activ	vity	
🗉 🛄 System 🖃 🔄 Port	Aggregator Settir	ng	Aggregator 1	informa	ation	State Activity	
Port Statistics		Portl	ACP State Activity	Port L	ACP State Activit	y	
Port Control Port Trunk		1	N/A	2	N/A		
Port Mirroring		3	N/A	4	N/A	_	
Rate Limiting		5	🗹 Active	6	🗹 Active		
Protocol Protocol Security Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot			Apply	Help	1	_	
	Figure 3	.3-2	5 State Acti	vity			

Port Mirroring

The Port mirroring is a method for monitoring traffic in switched networks. Traffic through ports can be monitored by one specific port which means traffic goes in or out monitored (source) ports will be duplicated into mirroring (destination) port.

- Destination Port: There is only one port can be selected to be the destination (mirroring) port for monitoring both RX and TX traffic which come from the source port. Or, use one of two ports for monitoring RX traffic only and the other one for TX traffic only. The user can connect the mirroring port to LAN analyzer or Netxray.
- Source Port: The ports that the user wants to monitor. All monitored port traffic will be copied to mirroring (destination) port. The user can select multiple source ports by ticking the RX or TX checkboxes to be monitored.
- And then, click Apply

AD\ANTECH								
N						Ind	lustrial (S
Open all			Port	t Mirro	oring	1. 1. 1. 1. A.		
 Main Page System 			- ··					
E i System			Destina RX	ition Port TX	RX	e Port TX	-	
Port Statistics		Port.01	0	0	<u>।</u> ज	<u></u>		
🚊 Port Control		Port.02	o	0			—	
Port Trunk		Port.03	0	0	<u> </u>	- -		
Port Mirroring Rate Limiting		Port.04	0	0		- -		
Protocol		Port.04	0	0	<u>।</u> र			
🗉 🚞 Security			0	0				
🚊 Factory Default		Port.06	0			V		
Save Configuration				Annului I IIII				
🖺 System Reboot				Apply Hel	ip			
	Figure	3.3-26	Port	Mirroring				

Rate Limiting

Here you can set up every port's frame limitation type and bandwidth rate.

Ingress Limit Frame Type: Select the frame type you want to filter. The frame types have 4 options for selecting: All, Broadcast/Multicast/Flooded Unicast, Broadcast/Multicast, and Broadcast only. The four frame type options are for ingress frames limitation. The egress rate only supports 'All' type.

All ports support port ingress and egress rate control. For example, assume port 1 is 10Mbps; the user can set the effective egress rate of port 1 as 1Mbps, ingress rate 500Kbps. The switch performs the ingress rate by packet counter to meet the specified rate

- **Ingress:** Click the pull-down menu to select the port effective ingress rate (The default value is "0" kbps)
- Egress: Click the pull-down menu to select the port effective egress rate (The default value is "0" kbps)
- And then, click Apply to have the settings take effect.

AD\ANTECH						
				In	dust	ria
Open all	R	ate Limi	ting			
Main Page	Ingress Limit Frame	Туре	Ingress		Egress	
Port Statistics	ort.01 All ort.02 All	×		✓ kbps✓ kbps	0	kbps kbps
Port Control	ort.03 All	*	0	✓kbps	320	kbps
🖺 Rate Limiting Po	ort.04 All ort.05 All	×		✓ kbps ✓ kbps	768 1024	kbps kbps
E Protocol	ort.06 All	~		kbps	11200	kbps
 Factory Default Save Configuration 		Apply Help)		3072 4096	
🖺 System Reboot					5120 8192 10240	
					20480 30720	
					40960 61440 81920	
	Eiguro 2 2 27	Poto Limitina			128000	

Figure 3.3-27 Rate Limiting

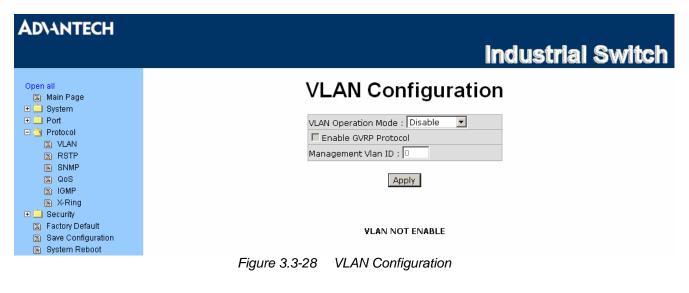
3.3.3 Protocol

The user can set the layer 2 protocol setting via this interface.

VLAN configuration

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, which would allow you to isolate network traffic, so only the members of the same VLAN will receive traffic from the ones of the same VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is logically equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still plugged into the same switch physically.

The switch supports **Port-based** and **802.1Q** (tagged-based) VLAN. The default configuration of VLAN operation mode is "**Disable**".



VLAN configuration - Port-based VLAN

Packets can go among only members of the same VLAN group. Note all unselected ports are treated as belonging to another single VLAN. If the port-based VLAN enabled, the VLAN-tagging is ignored.

In order for an end station to send packets to different VLAN groups, it itself has to be either capable of tagging packets it sends with VLAN tags or attached to a VLAN-aware bridge that is capable of classifying and tagging the packet with different VLAN ID based on not only default PVID but also other information about the packet, such as the protocol.

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial Switch
Open all S Main Page → System → Port → Protocol M VLAN M RSTP S SNMP M GoS M IGMP M X-Ring + Security K Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot	VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based
	Figure 3.3-29 Port based mode

- Pull down the selection item and focus on **Port Based** then click Apply to set the VLAN Operation Mode in **Port Based** mode.
- Click Add to add a new VLAN group.

ADVANTECH Industrial Switch Open all **VLAN** Configuration 🚊 Main Page 🗉 🚞 System 🕀 📄 Port VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based 💌 🗆 🚖 Protocol Enable GVRP Protocol 🗎 VLAN RSTP Management Vlan ID : 🛛 B SNMP Apply 🗎 QoS 🚊 IGMP 🚊 X-Ring 🗉 🚞 Security Group Name V_LAN1 🚊 Factory Default VLAN ID 1 Save Configuration 🚊 System Reboot Port.01 Port.06 [Add] Remove Apply Help Figure 3.3-30 Port based mode-Add interface

- Enter the group name and VLAN ID. Add the port number having selected into the right field to group these members to be a VLAN group or remove any of them listed in the right field from the VLAN.
- And then, click Apply to have the settings taken effect.
- You will see the VLAN displays.

AD\ANTECH	Industrial Switch
Open all Main Page	VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based
	Add Edit Delete Help Figure 3.3-31 Port Based Edit/Delete interface
• Use Delete	to delete the VLAN.
Use Edit	to modify group name, VLAN ID, or add/remove the members of the existing VLAN group.

Note Remember to execute the "**Save Configuration**" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

802.1Q VLAN

Tagged-based VLAN is an IEEE 802.1Q specification standard. Therefore, it is possible to create a VLAN across devices from different switch venders. IEEE 802.1Q VLAN uses a technique to insert a "tag" into the Ethernet frames. Tag contains a VLAN Identifier (VID) that indicates the VLAN numbers.

You can create Tag-based VLAN, and enable or disable GVRP protocol. There are 256 VLAN groups to provide configuration. Enable 802.1Q VLAN, all ports on the switch belong to default VLAN of VID 1. The default VLAN can't be deleted.

GVRP (GARP VLAN Registration Protocol) is a protocol that facilitates control of virtual local area networks (VLANs) within a larger network. GVRP conforms to the IEEE 802.1Q specification, which defines a method of tagging frames with VLAN configuration data. This allows network devices to dynamically exchange VLAN configuration information with other devices.

GVRP is based on GARP (Generic Attribute Registration Protocol), a protocol that defines procedures by which end stations and switches in a local area network (LAN) can register and de-register attributes, such as identifiers or addresses, with each other.

Every end station and switch thus has a current record of all the other end stations and switches that can be reached.

802.1Q Configuration

- Pull down the selection item and focus on **802.1Q** then click Apply to set the VLAN Operation Mode in **802.1Q** mode.
- Enable GVRP Protocol: Tick the checkbox to enable GVRP protocol. This checkbox is available while the VLAN Operation Mode is in 802.1Q mode.
- Management VLAN ID: The default value is '0' which means VLAN function in 802.1Q mode is not available. While this column field is filled with a value from 1 to 4096, the member ports of this VLAN can access the management interface.
- Select the port you want to configure.
- Link Type: there are 3 types of link type.
 - Access Link: Single switch only, it allows the user to group ports by assigning the same Untagged VID. While this link type is set, the Untagged VID column field is available but the Tagged VID column field is disabled.
 - Trunk Link: The extended application of Access Link. It allows the tagged frames go across two or more switches by assigning the tag with VID to the frames. Having set this link type, the Tagged VID column field is available but the Untagged VID column field is disabled.
 - > Hybrid Link: Both Access Link and Trunk Link are available.
- Untagged VID: Assign the untagged frame VID.
- Tagged VID: Assign the tagged frame VID.
- Click Apply to have the settings take effect.

AD\ANTECH				Industrial Switch
Open all Main Page		VLAN Ope	N Configuration Mode : 802.1Q e GVRP Protocol ent Vlan ID : 0	ation •
 ➢ IGMP ➢ X-Ring ● Security ➢ Factory Default ➢ Save Configuration ➢ System Reboot 	_	802.1Q Configuration Port Link T Port.01 Cacces	ype Untagged Vid Ta	Group Configuration
	Port Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06	Link Type Access Link Access Link Hybrid Link Trunk Link Hybrid Link Access Link	Apply Help Untagged Vid 3 6 1 1 1 VLAN Configurat	Tagged Vid 1024, 367, 6,

Chapter3

Group Configuration

Edit the existing VLAN Group.

- Select the VLAN group in the table list.
- Click Edit

AD\ANTECH	Inductrial Sudtab
	Industrial Switch
Open all B Main Page	VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q Enable GVRP Protocol Management Vlan ID : Apply
🕀 🚊 Security	802.1Q Configuration Group Configuration
 Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	Default 1 VLAN 3 VLAN_367 367 VLAN_1024 1024
	Figure 3.3-33 Edit Group Configuration interface

• You can Change the VLAN group name and VLAN ID.

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial Switch
Open all Main Page Main Page Port Port Port VLAN RSTP SNMP QOS IGMP X-Ring Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot	VLAN Configuration VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q Enable GVRP Protocol Management Vlan ID : 0 Apply 802.1Q Configuration Group Name VLAN_3 VLAN ID 3
Click Apply	Figure 3.3-34 802.1Q Group Configuration-Edit

Rapid Spanning Tree

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol and provides for faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will auto-detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

RSTP - System Configuration

- The user can view spanning tree information of the Root Bridge.
- The user can modify RSTP state. After modification, click Apply
 - > RSTP mode: The user must enable the RSTP function first before configuring the related parameters.
 - > Priority (0-61440): The switch with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value is changed, the user must reboot the switch. The value must be a multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
 - > Max Age (6-40): The number of seconds a switch waits without receiving Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6 through 40.
 - > Hello Time (1-10): The time that controls the switch to send out the BPDU packet to check RSTP current status. Enter a value between 1 through 10.
 - > Forward Delay Time (4-30): The number of seconds a port waits before changing from its Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the forwarding state. Enter a value between 4 through 30.

Note

Follow the rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time.

2 x (Forward Delay Time value -1) > = Max Age value >= 2 x (Hello Time value +1)

AD\ANTECH			Ind	ustria	Switch
Open all Main Page ❶ System		ystem Con	figurat	ion	
	System Configuration		Port Configur	ation	
Protocol		RSTP Mode	Enable 💌		
🗎 RSTP	Pric	rity (0-61440)	32768		
SNMP	M	ix Age (6-40)	20		
🖺 QoS 😭 IGMP	Hel	lo Time (1-10)	2		
X-Ring	Forward	Delay Time (4-30)	15		
🗉 🚞 Security		,,	1		
🚊 Factory Default		rity must be a multiple o			
📓 Save Configuration	2*(Forward Delay Time The Max Age should	•1) should be greater th be greater than or equal			
🚊 System Reboot	······································	Apply Help		,	
	_				
		ot Bridge Informa			
	Bridge Root Pr		-F5U1		
	Root				
	Root Pat	n Cost 0			
	Max /	-			
	Hello				
	Forward Figure 3 3-35 RSTP Syst	Delay 15 em Configuration			

RSTP - Port Configuration

Here you can configure the path cost and priority of each port.

- Select the port in the port column field.
- **Path Cost:** The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 200,000,000.
- **Priority:** Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a number 0 through 240 (the port of the highest value will be blocked). The value of priority must be the multiple of 16.
- Admin P2P: Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. it is served by a point-to-point LAN segment), or can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. it is served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated administratively. True is P2P enabling. False is P2P disabling.
- Admin Edge: The port directly connected to end stations won't create bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as an edge port, set the port to "True" status.
- Admin Non Stp: The port includes the STP mathematic calculation. True is not including STP mathematic calculation. False is including the STP mathematic calculation.
- Click Apply

AD\ANTECH

Industrial Switch

Open all 😭 Main Page	F	RSTF	' - P	or	t C	onfi	gurat	ion	
🕀 🛄 System	Syste	m Configura	ation		1		Port Confi	iguration	
 Port Protocol VLAN RSTP SNMP GoS IGMP X-Ring Security Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	Port.01 A Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05	Port Path Cost (1-200000000) Priority (0-240) Port.01 Port.03 Port.03 Port.04 Port.03 200000 128				Auto 💌	Admin Edge	Admin Non	Stp
			F	RSTP	Por	t Statu	s		
	Po	rt Path Cost		Oper P2P		Stp Neighbor	State	Role	
	Port	.01 200000	128	True		False		Disabled	
	Port	.02 200000	128	True	True	False		Disabled	
		.03 200000		True		False		Disabled	
		.04 200000		True		False		Disabled	
		.05 20000	128	True		False		Disabled	
	Port	.06 20000	128	True	True	False	Forwarding	esignated)	

Figure 3.3-36 RSTP Port Configuration interface

SNMP Configuration

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the protocol developed to manage nodes (servers, workstations, routers, switches and hubs etc.) on an IP network. SNMP enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth. Network management systems learn of problems by receiving traps or change notices from network devices implementing SNMP.

System Configuration

Community Strings

Here you can define the new community string set and remove the unwanted community string.

- String: Fill the name string.
- RO: Read only. Enables requests accompanied by this community string to display MIB-object information.
- **RW:** Read write. Enables requests accompanied by this community string to display MIB-object information and to set MIB objects.
- Click Add
- To remove the community string, select the community string that you have defined and click Remove. You cannot edit the name of the default community string set.

Agent Mode

Select the SNMP version that you want to use and then click Change to switch to the selected SNMP version mode. The default value is 'SNMP v1/v2c only'

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial Switch
Open all Main Page System Port Port VLAN PSTP	SNMP - System Configuration System Configuration Trap Configuration SNMPv3 Configuration Community Strings Current Strings : New Community String :
 RSTP SNMP QoS IGMP X-Ring Security Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	Remove Add public_RO private_RW PString1_RO String2 ORO ORW
	Agent Mode Current Mode: SNMP v1/v2c only C SNMP V3 only C SNMP V1/v2C/V3 Change
	Figure 3.3-37 SNMP System Configuration interface

Trap Configuration

A trap manager is a management station that receives the trap messages generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps will be issued. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string. To define a management station as a trap manager, assign an IP address, enter the SNMP community strings, and select the SNMP trap version.

- **IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the trap manager.
- **Community:** Enter the community string.
- Trap Version: Select the SNMP trap version type-v1 or v2c.
- Click Add .
- To remove the community string, select the community string listed in the current managers field and click Remove.

AD\ANTECH	Industrial Switch
Open all Main Page	SNMP - Trap Configuration
 	System Configuration Trap Configuration SNMPv3 Configuration
ĭ VLAN I RSTP I SNMP	Trap Managers Current Managers Remove Add
≌ QoS ≌ IGMP ≌ X-Ring	192.168.1.21: TrapHost1, v1 192.168.1.23 192.168.1.22: TrapHost2, v2 IP Address : 192.168.1.23 Community : TrapHost3
 Escurity Factory Default Save Configuration 	Trap version: © v1 C v2c
🖼 System Reboot	Figure 3.3-38 Trap Configuration interface

SNMPV3 Configuration

Configure the SNMP V3 function.

Context Table

Configure SNMP v3 context table. Assign the context name of context table. Click Apply to add context name.

User Table

Configure SNMP v3 user table ..

- User ID: Set up the user name.
- Authentication Password: Set up the authentication password.
- **Privacy Password:** Set up the private password.
- Click Add to add context name.
- Click Remove to remove unwanted context name.

Group Table

Configure SNMP v3 group table.

- Security Name (User ID): Assign the user name that you have set up in user table.
- Group Name: Set up the group name.
- Click Add to add context name.
- Click Remove to remove the unwanted context name.

Access Table

Configure SNMP v3 access table.

- Context Prefix: Set up the context name.
- Group Name: Set up the group.
- Security Level: Set up the access level.
- Context Match Rule: Select the context match rule.
- Read View Name: Set up the read view.
- Write View Name: Set up the write view.
- Notify View Name: Set up the notify view.
- Click Add to add context name.
- Click Remove to remove unwanted context name.

MIBview Table

Configure MIB view table.

- ViewName: Set up the name.
- Sub-Oid Tree: Fill the Sub OID.
- Type: Select the type—excluded or included.
- Click Add to add context name.
- Click Remove to remove unwanted context name.

ADVANTECH

Industrial Switch SNMP - SNMPv3 Configuration Open all 🚊 Main Page 🗉 🦲 System System Configuration Trap Configuration SNMPv3 Configuration 🗉 🚞 Port 🖃 🚖 Protocol Context Table 🗎 VLAN RSTP Context Name : Apply SNMP 🗎 QoS User Table ■ IGMP Current User Profiles : New User Profile : Remove Add 🗎 X-Ring 🗉 🚞 Security (none) User ID: Factory Default Save Configuration Authentication Password: System Reboot Privacy Password: Group Table Current Group content : New Group Table: Remove Add (none) Security Name (User ID): Group Name: Access Table Current Access Tables : New Access Table : Remove Add (none) Context Prefix: Group Name: NoAuthNoPriv. O AuthNoPriv. С Security Level: c AuthPriv. Context Match Rule C Exact C Prefix Read View Name: Write View Name: Notify View Name: **MIBView Table** Current MIBTables : New MIBView Table : Remove Add (none) View Name: SubOid-Tree: Type: O Excluded O Included Help Note: Any modification of SNMPv3 tables might cause MIB accessing rejection. Please take notice of the causality between the tables before you modify these tables.

Figure 3.3-39 SNMP V3 Configuration interface

QoS Configuration

Here you can configure Qos policy and priority setting, per port priority setting, COS and TOS setting.

QoS Policy and Priority Type

- Qos Policy: Select the QoS policy rule.
 - Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme: The switch will follow 8:4:2:1 rate to process priority queue from High to lowest queue. For example, while the system processing, 1 frame of the lowest queue, 2 frames of the low queue, 4 frames of the middle queue, and 8 frames of the high queue will be processed at the same time in accordance with the 8,4,2,1 policy rule.
 - Use a strict priority scheme: Always the higher queue will be processed first, except the higher queue is empty.
 - Priority Type: There are 5 priority type selections available—Port-based, TOS only, COS only, TOS first, and COS first. Disable means no priority type is selected.
- Click Apply to make the settings effective.

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Industrial Switch

Open all Main Page System Port VLAN XLAN XLAN SNMP QoS IGMP X-Ring Security Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot

QoS Configuration

Qos Policy:

Ose an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme
 Ose a strict priority scheme
 Priority Type: Disable
 ▼

Apply Help

Port-based Priority:

Port.01	Port.02	Port.03	Port.04	Port.05	Port.06
Lowest 💌					
		Apply	Help		

cos:

Priority	' O	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
				Apply Hel	p			

TOS:

105.								
Priority	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
				Apply Hel	lp			

Figure 3.3-40 QoS Configuration interface

Port Base Priority

Configure the priority level for each port. With the drop-down selection item of **Priority Type** above being selected as Port-based, this control item will then be available to set the queuing policy for each port.

- Port x: Each port has 4 priority levels—High, Middle, Low, and Lowest—to be chosen.
- Click Apply to have the settings taken effect.

COS Configuration

Set up the COS priority level. With the drop-down selection item of **Priority Type** above being selected as COS only/COS first, this control item will then be available to set the queuing policy for each port.

- COS priority: Set up the COS priority level 0~7—High, Middle, Low, Lowest.
- Click Apply

TOS Configuration

Set up the TOS priority. With the drop-down selection item of **Priority Type** above being selected as TOS only/TOS first, this control item will then be available to set the queuing policy for each port.

- **TOS priority:** The system provides 0~63 TOS priority level. Each level has 4 types of priority—High, Middle, Low, and Lowest. The default value is 'Lowest' priority for each level. When the IP packet is received, the system will check the TOS level value in the IP packet that has received. For example, the user sets the TOS level 25 as high, the system will check the TOS value of the received IP packet. If the TOS value of received IP packet is 25 (priority = high), and then the packet priority will have highest priority.
- Click Apply to make the settings taken effect.

IGMP Configuration

The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is an internal protocol of the Internet Protocol (IP) suite. IP manages multicast traffic by using switches, routers, and hosts that support IGMP. Enabling IGMP allows the ports to detect IGMP queries, report packets, and manage IP multicast traffic through the switch. IGMP have three fundamental types of message shown as follows:

Table 3.19: IGMP types				
Message	Description			
Query	A message sent from the querier (IGMP router or switch) asking for a response from each host belonging to the multicast group.			
Report	A message sent by a host to the querier to indicate that the host wants to be or is a member of a given group indicated in the report message.			
Leave Group	A message sent by a host to the querier to indicate that the host has quit being a member of a specific multicast group.			

The switch supports IP multicast. You can enable IGMP protocol via setting the IGMP Configuration page to see the IGMP snooping information. IP multicast addresses are in the range of 224.0.0.0 through 239.255.255.255.

- IGMP Protocol: Enable or disable the IGMP protocol.
- **IGMP Query:** Select the IGMP query function as Enable or Auto to set the switch as a querier for IGMP version 2 multicast networks.
- Click Apply

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial Switc
Open all	IGMP Configuration
Main Page	IP Address VLAN ID Member Port
	224.000.000.251 1 *****6
E C Protocol	239.255.255.250 1 *****6
E VLAN	
🖺 RSTP	
SNMP	
🗒 QoS	
IGMP	
📓 X-Ring	
E Decurity	IGMP Snooping: Enable 💌
Factory Default Save Configuration	IGMP Query: Auto
Save Configuration System Reboot	
M Oystenn (coool	Apply Help
	Figure 3.3-41 IGMP Configuration interface

X-Ring

X-Ring provides a faster redundant recovery than Spanning Tree topology. The action is similar to STP or RSTP, but the algorithms between them are not the same.

In the X-Ring topology, each switch should be enabled with the X-Ring function and two ports of each switch should be configured as the member ports in the ring. Only one switch in the X-Ring group would be set as the master switch that one of its two member ports, known as backup port, would be blocked and the other port is called working port. Other switches in the X-Ring group are called working switches and their two member ports are called working ports. When the failure of network connection occurs, the backup port (blocked) of the master switch (Ring Master) will automatically become a working port to help the entire group recover from the failure.

The switch supports the function and interface to configure the switch being a ring master. The ring master can negotiate and place commands to other switches in the X-Ring group. If there are two or more switches in master mode, the software will configure the switch with lowest MAC address number as the ring master. The ring master mode can be enabled via the X-Ring configuration interface. Also, the user can identify whether the switch is the ring master by checking the corresponding LED indicator on the panel of the switch.

The system also supports the **Couple Ring** topology that can connect two X-Ring groups for the redundant backup function. Besides, the **Dual Homing** topology can prevent connection lose between the X-Ring group and the upper level/core switch.

- Enable X-Ring: To enable the X-Ring function, tick the checkbox beside the Enable Ring string label. If this checkbox is not ticked, all the ring functions are unavailable.
 - > Enable Ring Master: Tick the checkbox to enable this switch to be the ring master.
 - Ist & 2nd Ring Ports: Pull down the selection menu to assign the ports as the member ports. 1_{st} Ring Port is the working port and 2_{nd} Ring Port is the backup port. When 1_{st} Ring Port fails, the system will automatically upgrade the 2_{nd} Ring Port to be the working port.
- Enable Couple Ring: To enable the coupe ring function, tick the checkbox beside the Enable Couple Ring string label.
 - > Couple port: Assign the member port which is connected to the other ring group.
 - Control port: When the Enable Couple Ring checkbox is ticked, you have to assign the control port to form a couple-ring group between the two X-rings.
- Enable Dual Homing: Set up one of the ports on the switch to be the Dual Homing port. For a switch, there is only one Dual Homing port. Dual Homing function only works when the X-Ring function enabled.
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration.

AD \ANTECH				
			Industrial	Switch
Open all 踊 Main Page	X-Ri	ing Configu	ration	
🗉 🧕 System	☑ Enable Ring			
Port Protect	🗖 Enable Ring Master			
Protocol M VLAN	1st Ring Port	Port.01 💌	LINKDOWN	
RSTP	2nd Ring Port	Port.02 💌	LINKDOWN	
SNMP	✓ Enable Couple Ring			
🛱 QoS	Couple Port	Port.03 💌	LINKDOWN	
IGMP	Control Port	Port.04 💌	LINKDOWN	
Image: Market Hereiter Einer Hereiter Einer Hereiter Einer Hereiter Einer Hereiter Hereit	Enable Dual Homing			
E Security Factory Default	Homing Port	Port.05 💌	LINKDOWN	
 Save Configuration 				
📓 System Reboot		Apply Help		
	Figure 3.3-42	X-ring interface		

EKI-7654C_Manual

To enable the X-Ring function, users must disable the RSTP first. The X-Ring function and RSTP function cannot both be activated on a single switch. Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch powers off.

Note

3.3.4 Security

In this section, you can configure 802.1x and MAC address table.

802.1X/Radius Configuration

802.1x is an IEEE authentication specification which prevents the client from connecting to a wireless access point or wired switch until it provides authority, like the user name and password that are verified by an authentication server (such as RADIUS server).

802.1X/Radius - System Configuration

After enabling the IEEE 802.1X function, you can configure the parameters of this function.

- IEEE 802.1x Protocol: Enable or disable 802.1x protocol.
- Radius Server IP: Assign the RADIUS Server IP address.
- Server Port: Set the UDP destination port for authentication requests to the specified RADIUS Server.
- Accounting Port: Set the UDP destination port for accounting requests to the specified RADIUS Server.
- Shared Key: Set an encryption key for using during authentication sessions with the specified RADIUS server. This key must match the encryption key used on the RADIUS Server.
- NAS, Identifier: Set the identifier for the RADIUS client.
- Click Apply

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial Switch
Open all 🗃 Main Page	802.1x/Radius - System Configuration
	System Configuration Port Configuration Misc Configuration
	802.1x Protocol Enable V
🖺 802.1%/Radius 🖺 MAC Address Table	Radius Server IP 192.168.1.235 Server Port 1812
 Factory Default Save Configuration 	Accounting Port 1813
🖺 System Reboot	Shared Key 12345678 NAS, Identifier NAS L2 SWITCH
	Figure 3.3-43 802.1x/Radius System Configuration interface

802.1x/Radius—Port Configuration

You can configure the 802.1x authentication state for each port. The state provides Disable, Accept, Reject, and Authorize.

- **Reject:** The specified port is required to be held in the unauthorized state.
- Accept: The specified port is required to be held in the Authorized state.
- Authorized: The specified port is set to the Authorized or Unauthorized state in accordance with the outcome of an authentication exchange between the Supplicant and the authentication server.
- Disable: When disabled, the specified port works without complying with 802.1x protocol.
- Click Apply

AD\ANTECH				
			Industrial	Switch
Open all	802.1x/Rad	lius - Port C	onfiguration	
 Main Page System Port 	System Configuration	Port Configuration	Misc Configuration	
 Protocol Security 802.1x/Radius MAC Address Table Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	Por Por Por Por	L01 ▲ L02 Autho L04 Reject L05 ▼ Accept Autho Apply Help	rize e	
		Port Authorization	tate	
	F		sable	
			sable	
			sable	
	F	ort.04 Di	sable	
	F	ort.05 Di:	sable	
	F	ort.06 Di	sable	

802.1X/Radius—Misc Configuration

- Quiet Period: Set the period which the port doesn't try to acquire a supplicant.
- **TX Period:** Set the period the port waits for retransmit next EAPOL PDU during an authentication session.
- **Supplicant Timeout:** Set the period of time the switch waits for a supplicant response to an EAP request.
- Server Timeout: Set the period of time the switch waits for a server response to an authentication request.
- Max Requests: Set the number of authentication that must time-out before authentication fails and the authentication session ends.
- Reauth period: Set the period of time which clients connected must be re-authenticated.
- Click Apply

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial Switch
Open all 🗃 Main Page	802.1x/Radius - Misc Configuration
	System Configuration Port Configuration Misc Configuration
	Quiet Period60Tx Period30
MAC Address Table Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot	Supplicant Timeout 30
	Server Timeout 30 Max Requests 2
	Reauth Period 3600
	Apply Help Figure 3.3-45 802.1x/Radius - Misc Configuration interface

MAC Address Table

Use the MAC address table to ensure the port security.

You can add a static MAC address; it remains in the switch's address table, regardless of whether the device is physically connected to the switch. This saves the switch from having to re-learn a device's MAC address when the disconnected or powered-off device is active on the network again. You can add / modify / delete a static MAC address.

MAC Address Table - Static MAC Address

You can add static MAC address in the switch MAC table here.

- MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the port that should permanently forward traffic, regardless
 of the device network activity.
- Port No.: Pull down the selection menu to select the port number.
- Click Add
- If you want to delete the MAC address from filtering table, select the MAC address and click Delete

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial Switch
Open all Main Page	MAC Address Table - Static MAC Addresses
System Port Port Protocol Security 802.1x/Radius MAC Address Table Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot	Static MAC Addresses MAC Filtering All Mac Addresses FFEEDDCCBBAA Port.01 AABBCCDDEEFF Port.02
	MAC Address CCDDEEFFBBAA
	Port No. Port.01 Port.01 Port.02 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06 Port.06
	Figure 3.3-46 Static MAC Addresses interface

MAC Address Table - MAC Filtering

By filtering MAC address, the switch can easily filter the pre-configured MAC address and reduce the unsafety. You can add and delete filtering MAC address.

AD\ANTECH		
		Industrial Switch
Open all 📓 Main Page	MAC Address Table	e - MAC Filtering
⊕	Static MAC Addresses MAC Filter	ring All Mac Addresses
 Port Protocol Security 802.1x/Radius MAC Address Table Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	DEEFFCCB	IBAA
	MAC Address EEFFBB	AACCDD
	Add Delete	
	Figure 3.3-47 MAC Filtering inte	erface

- MAC Address: Enter the MAC address that you want to filter.
- Click Add
- If you want to delete the MAC address from filtering table, select the MAC address and click Delete

MAC Address Table - All MAC Addresses

You can view the port that connected device's MAC address and the related devices' MAC address.

- Select the port.
- The selected port of static & dynamic MAC address information will be displayed in here.
- Click Clear MAC Table to clear the current port static MAC address information on screen.

AD\ANTECH					
	Industrial Switch				
Open all B Main Page	MAC Address Table - All Mac Addresses				
	Static MAC Addresses MAC Filtering All Mac Addresses				
	Port No: Port.01				
	Dynamic Address Count:0 Static Address Count:1				
	Clear MAC Table				
Figure 3.3-48 All MAC Address interface					

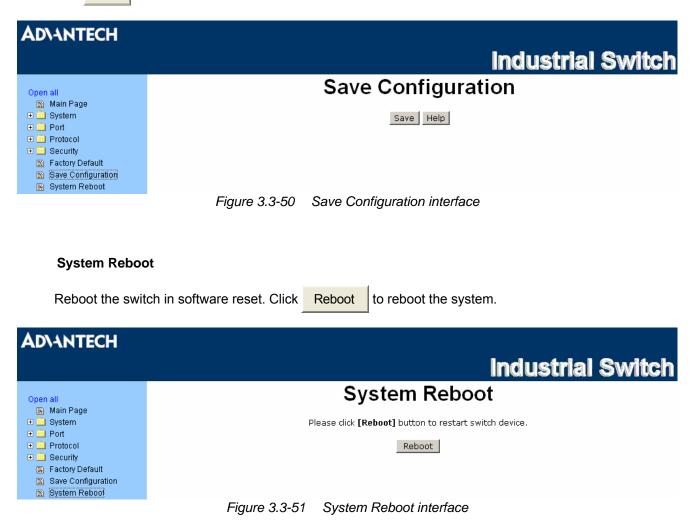
Factory Default

Reset switch to default configuration. Click **Reset** to reset all configurations to the default value.



Save Configuration

Save all configurations that you have made in the system. To ensure the all configuration will be saved, click Save to save the all configuration to the flash memory.





Troubleshooting

Chapter 4 Troubleshooting

Verify that is using the included or appropriate power cord/adapter. Don't use the power adaptor with DC output voltage higher than the power rating of the device. Otherwise, the device will burn down.

Select the proper UTP cable to construct the network. Use unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) or shield twisted-pair (STP) cable for RJ-45 connections: 100Ω Category 3, 4 or 5 cable for 10Mbps connections, 100Ω Category 5 cable for 100Mbps connections, or 100Ω Category 5e/above cable for 1000Mbps connections. Also be sure that the length of any twisted-pair connection does not exceed 100 meters (328 feet).

Diagnosing LED Indicators

To assist in identifying problems, the switch can be easily monitored through panel indicators, which describe common problems the user may encounter and where the user can find possible solutions.

If the power indicator does not light on when the power cord is plugged in, you may have a problem with power cord. Then check for loose power connections, power losses or surges at power outlet. If you still cannot resolve the problem, contact the local dealer for assistance.

If the LED indicators are normal and the connected cables are correct but the packets still cannot be transmitted. Please check the user system's Ethernet devices' configuration or status.

APPENDIX

Pin Assignments & Wiring

Appendix A Pin Assignments & Wiring

It is suggested to adopt ELA/TIA as the wiring of the RJ-45.

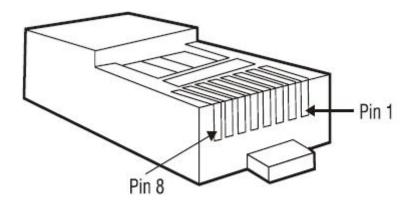
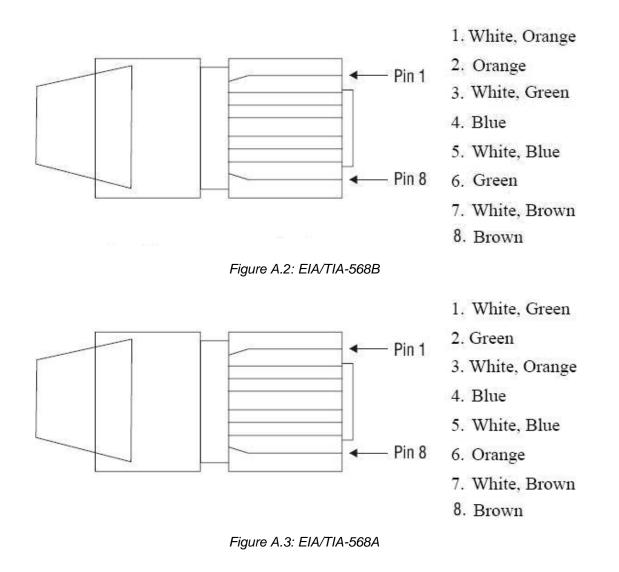
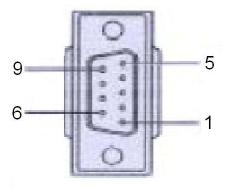


Figure A.1: RJ-45 Pin Assignments





DB 9-pin Female Figure A.4: DB 9-pin female connector

DB9 Connector	RJ-45 Connector
NC	1 Orange/White
2	2 Orange
3	3 Green/White
NC	4 Blue
5	5 Blue/White
NC	6 Green
NC	7 Brown/White
NC	8 Brown

Compatible SFP Transceivers

Appendix B Compatible SFP Transceivers

The table below shows compatible SFP transceivers for EKI-7758F.

Item	Brand	Part Number	Mode	Transmission Distance
1	AVAGO	AFBR-5710PZ		550m
2	APAC	LM28-C3S-TC-N	Multi-mode	550m
3	HOATECH HTI8512-X5ATO		Multi-mode	550m
4	SPACE SHUTTLE	S56L-S85-6L-N		550m
5		SP-GB-LX	· Single-mode	10km
	LuminentOIC	SP-GB-ELX		20km
		SP-GB-XD		50km
6	AVAGO	AFCT-5710PZ		10km
7	APAC	LS38-C3M-TC-N		20km
8	SPACE SHUTTLE	S56L-L13-6L-N		10km